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FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1928.

Dollar on Demand: 2s. 1.9/16d.
Light-up Time: 7.03 p.m.
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BUICK
1928.

Just as all the force of exploding powder in a cannon is concentrated directly behind the shell—so all of the force of the explosion in Buick's engine is concentrated directly behind the piston.

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FENGTIEN CAUSE LOST?

NATIONALISTS NEAR PEKING.

CHANG TSO-LIN'S TROUBLES IN OWN RANKS.

TIENTSIN PROMISE.

Peking, May 31. The Nationalist armies are moving rapidly forward, following Marshal Chang Tso-lin's orders for the general retirement of the Fengtien forces, and reliable reports state that the Southerners are very near Peking.

Up to the moment, no fighting has taken place at Liulih, where the Northerners are reported to be preparing to make a stand.

It is rumoured that any fighting between the North and South in the next few days will be merely for the purpose of covering the Fengtien retreat into Manchuria, but reports of Chang Tso-lin's intentions are conflicting.—*Naval Wireless*.

Nationalist Attack.

Shanghai, May 31. It is considered doubtful whether Marshal Chang Tso-lin, who has ordered retirement along the Peking-Hankow Railway, can concentrate his forces sufficiently to withstand the expected Nationalist attack.

The Hankow army, some 40,000 or 50,000 strong under General Pei Chung-hsi, has now reached Paotinfu, according to reports, and will join Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang in an attack in the very near future.

Chiang Kai-shek has already proceeded to the front line.

Chang's Difficulties.

It is reported from Peking that Chang Tso-lin's mind was made up for him at a lengthy military conference held on Wednesday, when it was strongly urged that he should order retreat to Manchuria. It is stated that Chang Tso-lin strongly resisted the proposal, but finally consented to a withdrawal to Liulih.

What will happen in the near future, it is difficult to say, but several of the Fengtien leaders are reported to be averse to fighting. Further rumours are abroad that Chang Tso-lin has already made arrangements for his departure from Peking.

Pei Chung-hsi's Task.

The Peking-Hankow Railway has been disorganized since Tuesday, owing to the extensive troop movements. All Pei Chung-hsi's forces have been transported to the fighting zone, it is reported.

It is understood that he had been delegated the task of the capture of Tientsin, and a Nationalist statement has it that he has issued a declaration to the following effect:

Assurance To Foreigners.

"If the Fengtien forces are defeated, and the Nationalists prepare to enter Tientsin, it is hoped the foreign troops will act as they did on the occasion of the capture of Shanghai, that is to say, to disarm all Northerners who try to enter the foreign concessions."

"If the foreign authorities will act in this manner, they have our assurance that the Nationalist armies will make no attempt to enter the foreign Concessions; thus will any chance of misunderstanding be avoided."

"We will do our best to handle the difficult situation in the most pacific manner."

MAY 30TH.

Passes Quietly Everywhere.

Although there has been considerable distribution of literature of an anti-Japanese nature, and anti-Japanese speeches were made, the anniversary of the May 30th Incident passed off quietly at Kuklun, Changsha, Hankow, Ichang, Chungking, Amoy and Nanking.

(Continued on Page 14.)

A.P.C. SHIPS REPLY TO FIRE.

MANY ARMED DESPERADOES SHOT DOWN.

YANGTSZE INCIDENTS.

Hankow, May 31. Swift retribution has befallen a number of the armed desperadoes infesting the Yangtsze between Wuhnsien and Ichang, who have been in the daily habit of maliciously firing on merchant craft using the river.

Two A.P.C. ships, the s.s. Shukwang and the s.s. Tingkwang were on their way up stream when fire was opened from both banks of the river.

However, armed guards had been placed on board, and these replied to the fire. A number of the attackers were seen to fall as the result of the fire from the ships.

On their return, the attack on the same vessels was more intense, but the armed guard replied with machine-guns and effectively silenced the fire from the river-bank.

A fair number of casualties were observed. No one was injured on board the A.P.C. craft, in spite of the heavy fire.—*Naval Wireless*.

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(Continued on Page 14.)

NEW FLAG RIOTS IN CAPETOWN.

POLICE ATTACKED BY ANGRY MOB.

COLOURED POPULACE CHEER UNION JACK.

PREMIER'S ADDRESS.

Capetown, May 31. Serious rioting occurred in Capetown to-day arising out of the celebrations in connexion with the unfurling of the new national flag of South Africa.

It began with a large crowd, which formed into a procession and paraded the streets, headed by a large brass band of a native organisation, calling itself "The Independent Coloured Workers' Union," and composed mostly of coloured people.

The procession, which was very rowdy throughout the day, carried large banners inscribed similar to the following:

"Africans Arise!"
"Away With Slavery."
"Down With Anti-Native Slave Laws."

Police Attacked.

As the crowd grew more and more out of hand, they began to tear the new national flag from passing motor-cars, and when they saw a Union Jack, burst into a loud cheer.

When Police sought to interfere, the mob turned on them, and attacked them with stones.

The Police were compelled to make a series of baton charges, and after a scrimmage, succeeded in dispersing the mob. Two arrests were made.

Ugly Scenes.

Capetown, June 1. Police reinforcements have been rushed to Capetown from all over the Peninsula to cope with the threatening situation which has increased alarmingly since the Police charge yesterday.

At midnight, the streets were seething with excited crowds, and ugly scenes were witnessed.

Motor-cars carrying miniatures of the new Union Flag had their windshields smashed.

It is notable that vehicles which preferred to fly the Union Jack have been left untouched.

Many Police Injured.

Constant clashes have occurred between the Police and coloured rioters. Up to the moment, at least dozen Police have been severely injured in street fighting, while the number of coloured men injured is too large to be accurately estimated at present.

Over ninety arrests have been made so far.

Official Hoisting.

The anniversary of the Union was marked by the official hoisting for the first time of the new Union flag with due ceremony in all the principal towns of the Union. The chief ceremony was held in Cape Town. It was held in the grounds of the Parliament Buildings, where the Earl of Athlone addressed a representative gathering, after which the Union Jack and the national flag were unfurled simultaneously to the accompaniment of a salute of twenty-one guns.

The third plan, namely, a land expedition, will only be carried out if the aerial search discovers the spot where the "Italy's" crew has possibly taken refuge.

Little hope that the airship will be recovered is entertained, but there is every prospect that the gallant crew will be rescued.—*Reuter*.

Africa's Independence.

The Premier, Mr. Hertzog, said that the new national flag was a lasting symbol of South Africa's independence of the power and authority of the Union Jack—the second flag of the Union—and it did not fly as the flag of Great Britain, but as the flag of the Union.

The new flag expressed the association of South Africa with the British Commonwealth of Nations.

Finality Reached.

General Smuts said that those who participated in the settlement of the flag question now hoped that finality had been reached.

(Continued on Page 14.)

TENNIS ACCIDENT AT AUTIEUL.

GERALD PATTERSON FORCED TO RETIRE.

SOME FINE STRUGGLES

Paris, Mar. 31. Gerald Patterson, the Australian tennis "crack," was engaged in a great fight with Bourous (France) in the fourth round of the Men's Singles in the French Hardcourts Championships at Autieul, when he suffered an arm strain and was obliged to retire.

The match had at that stage gone to three sets, Bourous having won the first at 6-1, Patterson the second at 7-5 and Bourous the third at 9-7.

Hawkes (Australia) eliminated Robson (Argentina) in the fourth round by 6-2, 6-3, 4-6, 6-1.

After losing the first set badly, Cochet (France) defeated F. T.

TO CLEAN UP BIAS BAY.

Canton Considering Action.

EXPEDITION PLANNED.

On account of the frequent pirates on the China coast, it is reported that Admiral Chan Chak, Commandant of the Naval Bureau, has drawn up an effective scheme to clean up the pirates in Bias Bay, says the *Canton Gazette*.

As previously stated, a reconnoitring party will be sent, to be followed by gunboats and marines, so that all pirate lairs will be swept out once for all.

This proposed campaign is now before Marshal Li Chai-sum for approval, and it is expected that an expedition will be despatched at an early date.

Ugly Scenes.

Canton, June 1. Police reinforcements have been rushed to Capetown from all over the Peninsula to cope with the threatening situation which has increased alarmingly since the Police charge yesterday.

When the start was made on Tuesday, it was understood that they were flying to the East, commencing a flight round the world. They are in a Breguet single-engined plane, with a 600 h.p. Hispano-Suiza engine.—*Reuter*.

Been Moving Fast.

Madrid, June 1. It is now reported that Jiminez and Iglesias have landed about hundred miles from Karachi.—*Reuter*.

MYSTERIOUS LACK OF NEWS.

Madrid, May 31. Much anxiety is felt in official circles owing to the lack of news of the Spanish fliers, Jiminez and Iglesias.

Alarm is felt as a rumour is prevalent that, contrary to expectation, they secretly headed across the Atlantic to America.

When the start was made on Tuesday, it was understood that they were flying to the East, commencing a flight round the world. They are in a Breguet single-engined plane, with a 600 h.p. Hispano-Suiza engine.—*Reuter*.

FROM CALIFORNIA TO AUSTRALIA.

New York, May 31. A message from Oakland, California, states that the Australian airmen, Captain Kingsford-Smith and Mr. Charles Ulm, both of whom were formerly pilots in the Royal Air Force, accompanied by two men, formerly in the U. S. Navy, have started in a three-engined aeroplane, named "The Southern Cross" for a 6,000-mile flight to Australia.

The first lap will be 2,100 miles to Hawaii.—*Reuter's American Service*.

MACHINE-GUN THEFT.

AN EXPRESSION OF REGRET.

With reference to the report published in our issue of Wednesday to the effect that a machine-gun was stolen from H.M.S. Wild Swan, we regret that the information given therein was incorrect, and tender to the Captain, officers and crew of that ship an expression of our sincere regrets.

In point of fact, the theft occurred aboard H.M.S. Sepoy, and on discovering our error we took the earliest available opportunity, in our issue of yesterday, of correcting it.

JUGO-SLAVIA RIOT CASUALTIES.

NINE POLICE SENT TO HOSPITAL.

ITALY ALLEGES GENDARME NEGLIGENCE.

BELGRADE DEMANDS.

Belgrade, May 31. The serious affair last night when gendarmes were forced to fire into a mob of students, who had barricaded the streets, and defied the Police efforts to dislodge them, netting them with every kind of missile, when hose-pipes were played, was not attended with such severe casualties as at first thought.

An official statement to-day shows that there are only 25 really serious cases, sixteen of which are demonstrators and nine Police. The Police were badly injured when a wild melee followed their charge with fixed bayonets.

Sixty Arrested.

All these cases are now in hospital. Hundreds of others are suffering from minor hurts, not demanding detention in hospital.

The Police arrested over sixty agitators, including 17 students, who have since been released, and about forty members of the "Young Communist Society."

The Communists are still detained.



GREAT SUMMER Sales

SPECIAL BARGAINS
on a big lot of latest styles.

Hats	from \$3.75	Raincoats .. from \$8.50
Vests	3 for \$1.10	Stockings 2 prs. for \$1.00
Handbags ..	from \$3.75 up.	Gent's Ties .. 95cts. up.

Many fancy goods—all marked down at
Clearance Prices.

"ELITE STYLES"

A.P.C. Building,

Telephone C. 2432.

Columbia New Picture RECORDS

Wonderful PIANO Records by WILLIAM MURDOCH

—BEETHOVEN—

SONATA PATHETIQUE IN C. MINOR (2 RECORDS)

SONATA APPASSIONATA IN F. MINOR (3 RECORDS)

FIVE RECORDS COMPLETE IN ART ALBUM.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

For the Best
LOCAL VIEWS
and
PORTRAIT PHOTOGRAPHS
Go To
MEE CHEUNG

Studio, Ice House St. Branch 7, Beaconsfield Arcade.

Lung trouble

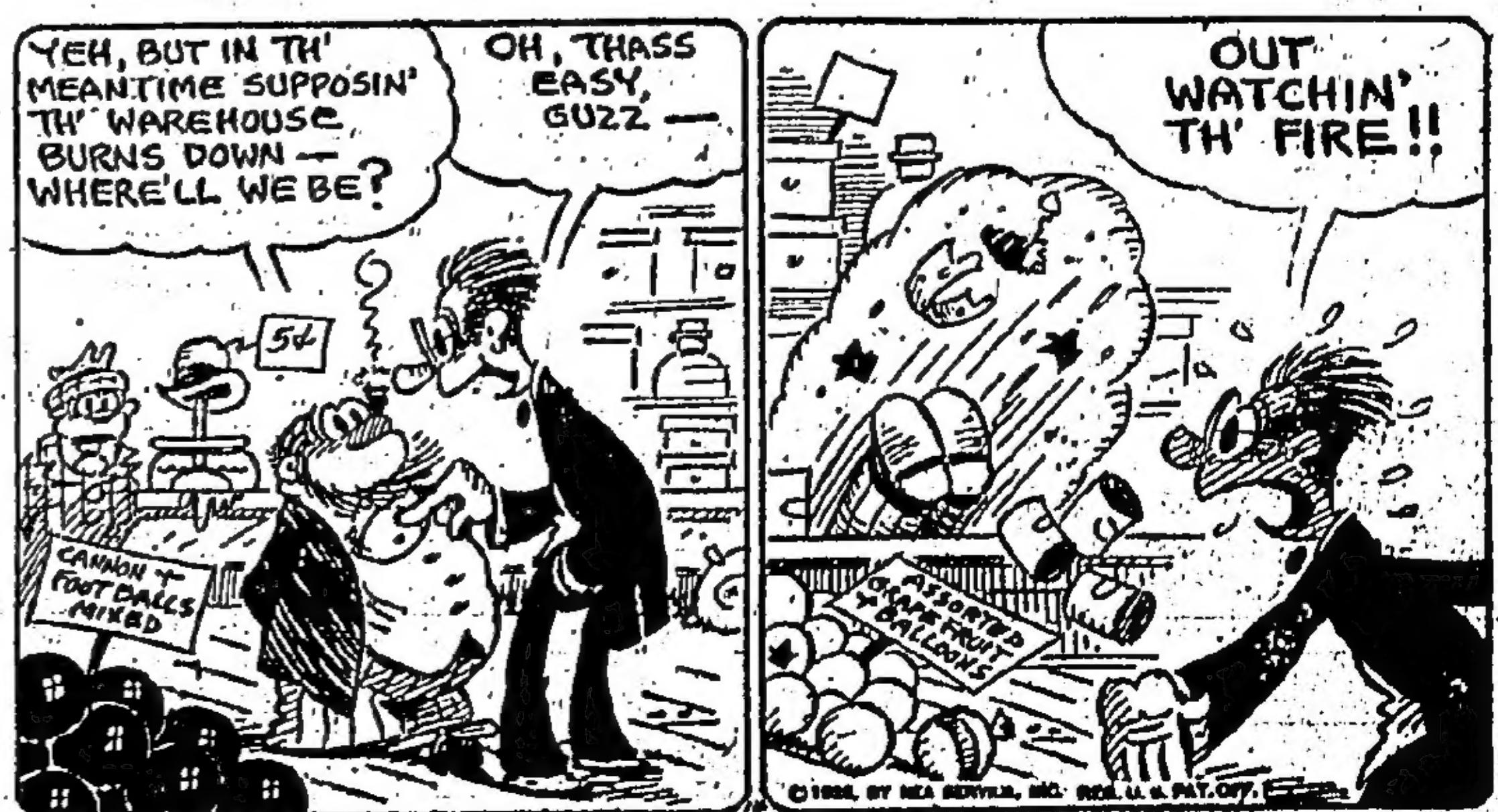
can often be avoided
by the timely use of
SCOTT'S Emulsion
which is widely
prescribed, in all
affections of the
throat and chest.
Ask for

**SCOTT'S
Emulsion**
The protector of life

SALESMAN SAM



A Hot One



OF GREAT HELP TO YOUNG MOTHERS

To have in the house a simple harmless remedy for the minor ills of babies and little children is a great boon to young mothers and this is exactly why Baby's Own Tablets are to be found in many households. They reduce fevers, allay the irritation of cutting teeth and regulate the bowels, yet they have no drug taste and children like them.

Mrs. Mary L. Damel, of No. 88 Washington street, Central Falls, U.S.A., says:

"My little girl was badly troubled with pin worms, was feverish—and restless and would be awake all night. I gave her Baby's Own Tablets and they helped her at once. She is not nervous now and sleeps well. I have also found Baby's Own Tablets good at teething time and am glad to recommend them to other mothers."

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

are sold by chemists, or sent post free at 60 cents per vial, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60, Kiangsu Road, Shanghai.

THE DOVER



The Ideal Stove

Estimates submitted for all types of stoves.

GAY KEE

69, Des Vosz Road, Central.
TELEPHONE C. 5503.

THE Welcome EXPERT OUTDOOR PHOTOGRAPHERS.

QUICKEST SERVICE IN DEVELOPING, PRINTING, AND ENLARGING.

(Official Photographers)
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ICE HOUSE STREET.
(BEHIND HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., SHOWROOM)

METALS

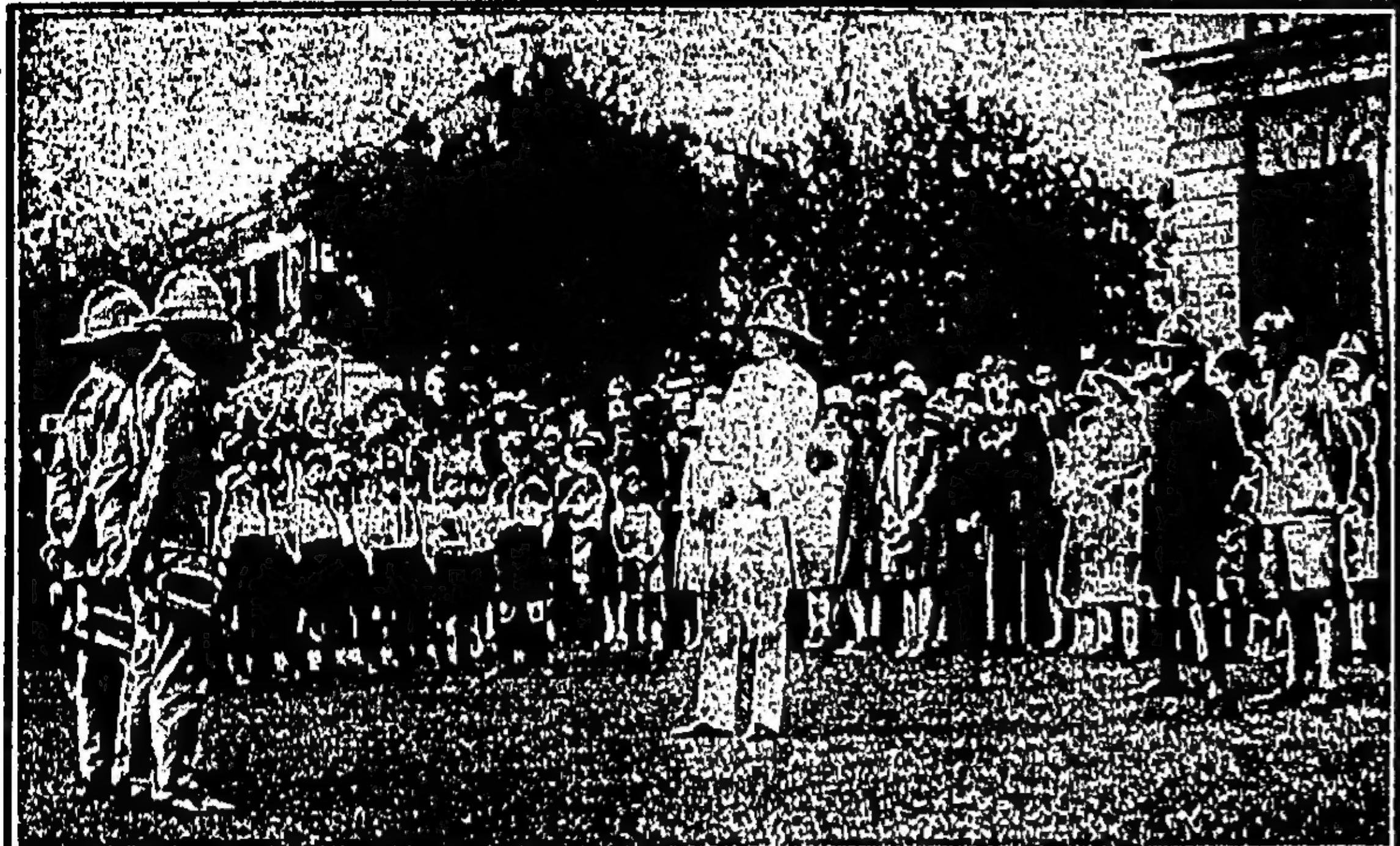
of all kinds especially for ship-building and engineering work.
Complete stock. Best Terms.
Immediate delivery.

SINGON & CO.,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

HING LUNG St.
Phone Central 515.

(Continued on Page 2.)

By Small



Shanghai Boy Scouts played a leading part in the Empire Day celebrations, opening the day's programme by raising the flag at the British Consulate. Above, Sir Sidney Barton is seen addressing the Scouts.



A feature of the Empire Day celebration at Shanghai. Sir Sidney Barton inspecting the Scouts.



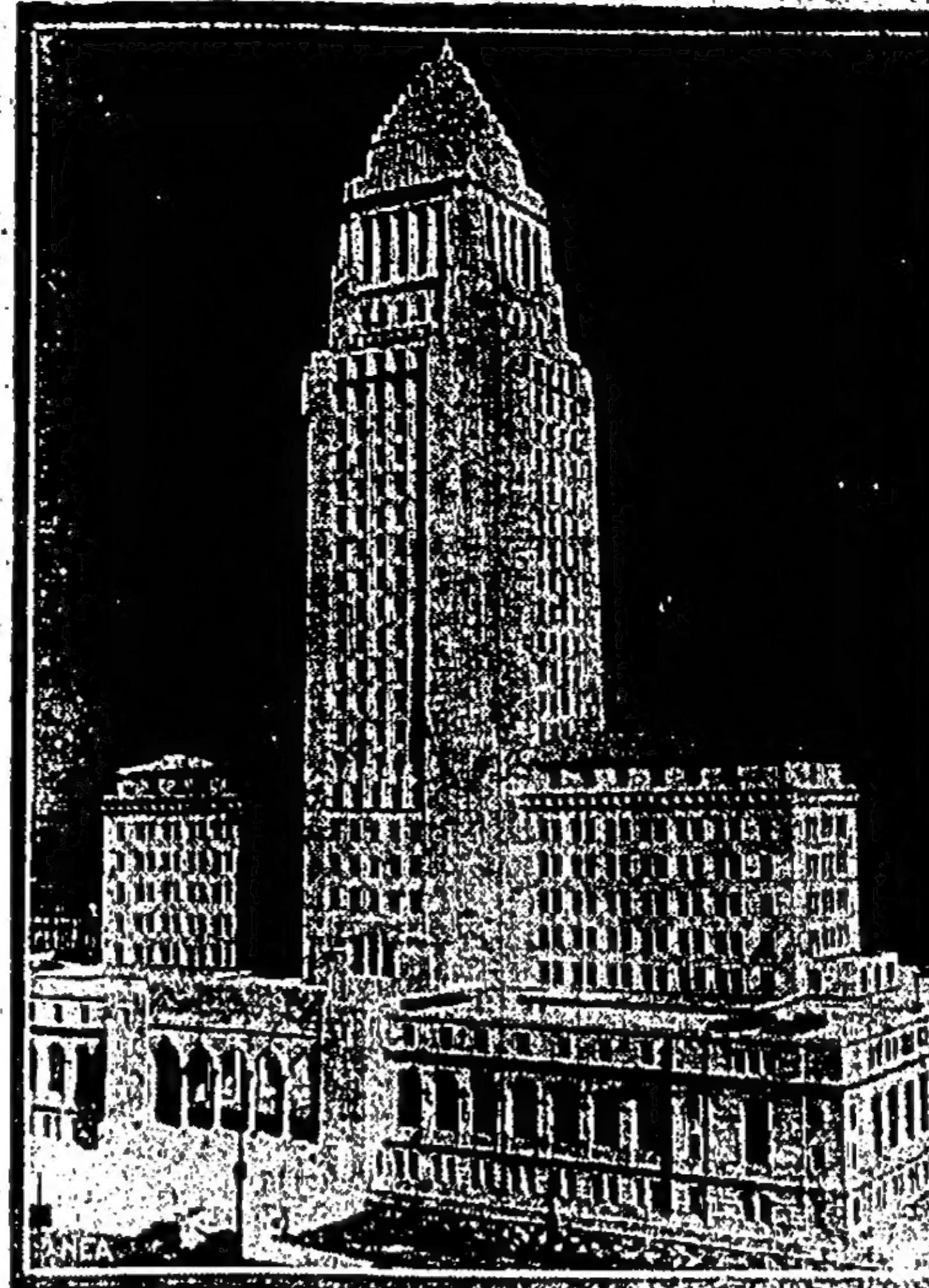
Vice-Admiral W. V. Pratt is scheduled to become commander-in-chief of the American battle fleet, or the west coast section of the U. S. navy, when the vessels return from their manoeuvres off Hawaii. Admiral Pratt now commands the battleship divisions. He succeeds Admiral L. R. de Steiguer.



A striking scene from the film "King of Kings" to which considerable objection has been taken in different parts of England. Mary Magdalene is seen bathing the feet of Christ.



Some of the girls who acted as ushers in the Shanghai Jewish Amateur Dramatic Circle's concluding performance of the season, "Borg Mir Doin Veib" ("Lend Me Your Wife").



The magnificent new city hall of which Los Angeles is so proud cost over \$10,000,000 and is pictured above. A special day was set aside for dedication, with pageantry, ceremonies, etc. The tower is 500 feet above the street and is topped by the Lindbergh beacon, aviators' guide. This was illuminated on the night of the dedication by Pres. Coolidge pressing a button in Washington. The hall has 28 floors and is the tallest building in southern California.



The weird lines of the new French monoplane "Rainbow" are shown clearly in the lower photo, while at the top is a close-up of its motors. Between are Maurice Drouin (left), who will pilot the remarkable craft on a trans-Atlantic flight, and René Couzinet, the 23-year-old designer.



In this wreckage of a garage and dance hall at West Plains, Missouri, U.S.A., the bodies of 41 persons were found after an explosion which destroyed the building. Police say gasoline in the garage below the dance hall exploded. Workmen are shown searching for more bodies in the ruins.

Don't dive into your
DRESS SHIRT—

Put it on!



The old-fashioned dive into a dress shirt was bad for the shirt and worse for the temper. The Summit Dress Shirt is but like a coat, to slip on like a coat—so much easier these hot evenings too.

Summit Dress Shirts

in approved styles including Pique and Marcella designs, Stiff or Pleated Fronts all with cuffs specially cut to set flat against the wrist.

Mackintosh
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS & CO. LTD.
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD

CHRYSLER

*A Price
and Type
for Every
Need*

52

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The whole world knows how the Chrysler has won public preference in the four great price fields by initiating vital improvements in appearance, comfort, performance, dependability, and long life.

Because of Chrysler's inveterate habit of stepping faster than the procession, the world today expects and receives extra quality and extra value in every Chrysler.

A. LUNG & CO.,

10, Queen's Road, Central Telephone C. 1219

E. HING & CO.

SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIP CHANDLERS
HARDWARE MERCHANTS

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WHITEAWAYS

FOR
GOLF HOSE

THE "VULCAN" COTTON HOSE

THE "VULCAN"
MENS MERCERISED
COTTON RIBBED HOSE



Just unpacked a large consignment of light Hose for Summer wear as illustration. In Khaki shades only. Unshrinkable.

\$2.50 pair, all sizes

Other makes include, light weight Ribbed Wool, Lisle, fancy heather mixtures with check and fancy tops.

PRICES from \$3.95 to \$6.50

**MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT:
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**

Profitable Investment.

Judicious Advertising is one of the most profitable investments associated with successful Business Enterprise.

Advertise in
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and secure the co-operation of its readers in buying your goods.

Prepaid Advertisements

25 WORDS FOR \$1.00 (\$1.50 if not prepaid)

The following replies are awaiting collection:
295, 300, 301, 305, 306, 315
344, 363

BOARD RESIDENCE.

FAMILY HOTEL—Victoria Gardens. Quiet apartments and Suites of rooms. Full board from \$5, \$10, \$180, monthly. Large commodious rooms. Also daily rates; five minutes from ferry, next new Hotel, Hankow Road, Kowloon, Tel. K.357.

TUITION GIVEN.

CAN YOU SIT DOWN at the Piano, and Play By Ear any time that happens, to be running in your head? If you cannot, but would like to, write Box No. 370, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

WANTED.

WANTED You to know that Sennet Freres are selling regardless of cost their entire stock of Jewellery, Watches, Fancy Goods, etc. No reasonable offer refused.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ford car, 5-seater, \$300, run 9000 miles. Apply Box No. 371, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE—Cottage Piano by Willis, London, good condition. View any time. Price \$230. 1st floor, 26, Ashley Road, Kowloon, (near Star Theatre).

FOR SALE—Powerful Indian Scout, with Gloria sidecar, in excellent running condition. Windscreen, new number plate (No. 285) and large size battery. Apply P. O. Box 569.

New Advertisements.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

On Monday, KING'S BIRTHDAY, the 4th June, 1928, all Departments will be CLOSED.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Dispensing Department, will be opened for dispensing prescriptions from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 6 p.m. to 7.30 p.m.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1928.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the Goods of Charles Killick, late of Shanghai in the Republic of China, Retired Merchant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court has, by virtue of Section 53 of the Probates Ordinance 1897, made an order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to the 29th day of June, 1928.

All creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date. Dated this 30th day of May, 1928.

GEO. K. HALL BRUTTON & CO.,
Solicitors for the Administrator,
St. George's Building,
HONGKONG.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

In accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Monday, the 4th June.

NOTICE.

I have appointed Mr. G. A. H. Potts as my attorney to act for and on my behalf under the style of Ellis Hayim, share and general broker, as from 1st June, 1928.

ELLIS HAYIM,
Hongkong, 28th May, 1928.

NOTICE.

As from to-day's date we have authorised MR. HENRY WILLIAM MOON to act as Manager of our Insurance Department during the absence of MR. FREDERICK CHARLES HALL.

JARDINE, MATHESON AND COMPANY LIMITED,
Hongkong, 31st May, 1928.

CHRISTIAN BROTHERS ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.

(ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE).

Past pupils and friends of St. Joseph's College, Hongkong, as well as past pupils of colleges of Christian Brothers elsewhere are invited to attend a general meeting of the above Association at the College on Tuesday the 5th June, at 6 p.m.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

The Forty-Seventh Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Pedder Street, Hongkong, on Wednesday, the 20th June, 1928, at noon for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 13th June to 4th July, 1928, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
JARDINE, MATHESON AND COMPANY LIMITED,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 29th May, 1928.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong on Thursday, 7th June, 1928, at 12 noon for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th April, 1928.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Saturday, 2nd June to Friday, 8th June, 1928, both days inclusive.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 28th May, 1928.

ARE YOU SICK? Why Continue To Suffer. Get The Poo On Chinese Herbs and Get Well. Constipation; Rheumatism; Dropsey; Typhoid Fever; Nervousness; and Diabetes. Yee Foo Lum, Chinese Herbalist, Managing Director, Entrance 68, Queen's Road Central, Tel. C. 5009.

G. R. Lammert's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

Particulars and Conditions of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Tuesday, the 5th day of June, 1928, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land at Shamshui Po in the Colony of Hongkong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 24 years less three days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Site No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements.	Contents	Annual Rent.	Upset Price.
		N. S. E. W.	feet feet feet feet	square feet	
Adjoining New Kowloon Adjacent to New Kowloon	Shamshui Po	As per sale plan.	1,071 1,071 43 43	4,128	

G. R. Lammert's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

On SATURDAY,
the 2nd June, 1928,

commencing at 11.30 a.m.
at their Sales Room, Duddell Street,

5 Dozen Clocks.

7 Cases Plates and Tea Pots.

1 Case Thermos Flasks and Refills.

1 Case Carter Elastic.

2 Cases Sausages.

and

A Quantity of Office Furniture and Miscellaneous Goods.

Terms—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

PUBLIC AUCTION of the VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY situated at Mongkoktsui in the Dependency of Kowloon and Colony of Hongkong

registered at the Land Offices as KOWLOON INLAND LOT NO. 1572, to be sold

on TUESDAY,
the 5th day of June, 1928,
at 3 p.m.

by
Messrs. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers,
at their Sales Room
No. 8A, Duddell Street, Victoria, Hongkong.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to:

Messrs. WOO & NASH,
Solicitors,
4 and 6 Queen's Road Central,
or to

Messrs. LAMMERT BROS.,
No. 8A, Duddell Street,
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1928.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on WEDNESDAY,
the 6th June, 1928,
commencing at 11 a.m.
At No. 1, Prat Building (First floor), Kowloon,

A Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.
(Particulars from Catalogue.)

On View from Tuesday, the 5th June, 1928.

Terms—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

MACAO RACES.

NINTH EXTRA RACE MEETING.

SUNDAY, 3RD JUNE, 1928.

First Race 1.30 p.m.

Public Enclosure 40 cents

Members Enclosure \$1.00

RACE STEAMERS HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Sai An 8.30 a.m.

Taishan 9.30 a.m.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Sai An 8.30 p.m.

Taishan 9.30 p.m.

By Order.

S. W. CHENG.

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1287½ s.

Chartered Bank, \$213 b.

Mercantile A. & B., \$331 n.

P. and O., \$91 n.

East Asia, \$75 n.

insurances.

Canton Ins., \$620 s.

Union Ins., \$324 b.

North China Ins., Tls. 140 b.

Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.

China Underwriters, \$31 n.

China Fires, \$230 b.

H. K. Fire Ins., \$740 s.

Shipping.

Douglas, \$361 b.

H. K. Steamboats, \$282 s.

H. K. Tugs, \$21 n.

Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$65 n.

Shell Trans., \$4/- n.

Union Waterboats, \$20½ s.

Mining.

Bonquets, \$1½ n.

Kailans, \$8/- n.

Langkats, Tls. \$12.20 s.

Shai Exploration, Tls. 2.80 s.

Raub, \$4 n.

Tronchi, 17/6 n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$130½ n.

Whampoa Docks, \$40½ n.

China Providents \$5.10 b.

Hongkaws, Tls. 160 b.

New Engineering, Tls. 5 n.

Shanghai Docks, Tls. 108 n.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 5½ n.

Orientials, Tls. 2.20 n.

Shai Cottons, Tls. 27½ (old) n.

L

CERTAINLY
EAT MORE FRUIT
BUT EAT IT WITH



NESTLE'S CREAM

Here is a cream which improves all fruit dishes, puddings and sweets.

Its exquisite flavour, nutritive value and guaranteed purity will commend its constant use to the housewife who is looking for a cream which

IS BETTER

BANANA TRIFLE

INGREDIENTS—Bananas, Sugar, a little Sherry, Apricot Jam, 12 oz. tin of Nestle's Pure Thick Cream, davouring, a few Crystallized Apricots.

METHOD—Cut some bananas into slices and place them in a glass dish. Sprinkle them with a little sugar and pour over the Sherry. Now spread a little apricot jam over and pile the cream on top (whipped, sweetened and flavoured). Decorate the top with the apricots.

WOMAN'S WORLD FOR OUR LADY READERS.



A striking new portrait study of Mary Astor, the well-known cinema star.

Nursery Luxury.

NEW DESIGNS IN FURNITURE.

The modern child accompanying his mother to the exhibition of nursery furniture at Waring and Gillow's, Oxford-street, may well consider himself lucky. When his mother was a child nobody talked about the "harmony of the nursery," or worried about cultivating a child's "appreciation of beauty."

Miniature chairs and tables in lavender, blue, old cream or weathered oak, furnish the modern nursery, which, to suit the requirements of occupants of flats and small houses, is a combined day and night nursery.

Even the walls and floors are organised for the youngster's entertainment. If on a wet day his rather bored thoughts stray to the walls they are arrested by brilliantly yellow giraffes or striped tigers. If they wander to the floor, there on the washable and fadeless mats are more animals.

When tired of staring at pictures he can do a little reading, thanks to the nursery rhymes painted (with illustrations) on the screen or bed. But this writing business is carried a little too far when the moral is added. For instance, day and night he can never get away from the words, painted on his washstand, "Early to bed and early to rise."

Some of the newest ideas in small matters are very practical. There is a toy box that can be kept in the drawing-room. Some of the chairs, which have sides designed as bears and elephants, can have little tables attached to them. The nurse's tables are most serviceable.

Among the ladies connected with welfare work who have interested themselves in the exhibition are Lady Islington and the Hon. Mrs. St. Aubyn.

Table Etiquette.

HOW TO EAT PASSION FRUIT.

Dominion and foreign delicacies are appearing more and more frequently at English dinner tables. The method of eating them may baffle the dinner-out who is confronted with them for the first time, and the interest, felt in the rare dish may be marred by feelings of embarrassment. Moreover, the fact that a hostess does not know how to deal with a foreign dish may prevent her from introducing it into her menu.

Several things are, like asparagus, held in the fingers. They are:

Indian corn in the cob. This should be buttered and sprinkled with salt and pepper. Then hold the cob in the hand and bite the corn off.

Foie gras when served as a puree. It is then spread on hot toast with a knife and eaten in the fingers. But if served in pate form it is usually eaten with knife and fork.

The leaves of globe artichokes are eaten in the fingers, a leaf at a time being detached and dipped in melted butter or sauce. But the bottom part must be eaten with a fork; after the uneatable portions have been scraped off.

Among the things eaten with a teaspoon are:

Passion fruit, which is eaten in rather an unusual way. The top is cut off exactly as if it were the top of an egg. The soft inside is eaten with a teaspoon, after cream has been added.

Grapefruit is eaten with a teaspoon, failing the special grapefruit spoons which can now be bought.

The course is eaten with a fork only include oysters. Caviare has lemon squeezed over it and is then eaten with a fork.

Before eating iced melon, sprinkle over it either sugar, pepper, or powdered ginger.

The Ideal Guest.

WHY SHE WAS ASKED AGAIN.

The throne occupied by the ideal guest, is a precarious one, with many clamouring to fill it. And she who would hold it must be not only a perfect lady and the life of the party but also an excellent little actress. For even though she is bored to tears she must appear to be having the rollicking time of her life. And even while she is making mental reservation never to come to this place again, she must not betray her state of mind by so much as one honest sigh.

Her role is very complex. First of all, she must adapt herself graciously to the family scheme. But this is not all. She must add a sparkling something to the picture, something that will make her, if not the life of the party, at least a definite asset.

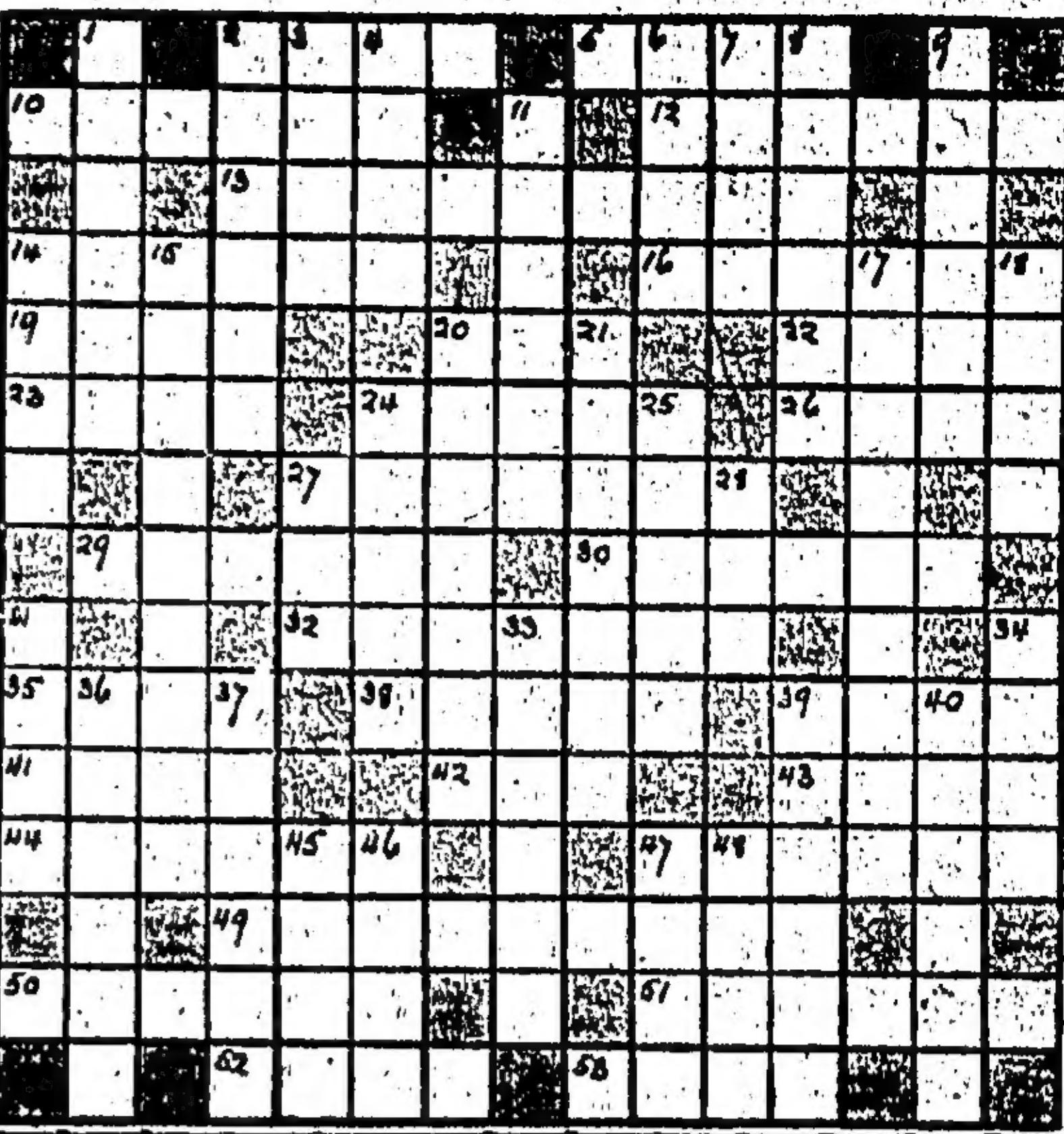
Her contribution may be a clever wit or social prestige, or a gift of the intellect. It may be physical beauty, in which case her role is easy. It may be merely a peculiar sympathy which makes those about her feel, "Here is a congenial soul. How pleasant to have her here!"

The ideal guest, therefore, is not necessarily born. She may be made. First of all, she will not keep her hostess in suspense. She will reply promptly to the invitation she has received and arrive at the specified hour. She will come in a gay, holiday humour and looking as attractive as possible.

Although it is an art to fit so neatly into a home as to be "almost like one of the family," there are certain liberties the wise guest will not take if she wishes to come again. And perhaps it is because she oversteps this invisible line and annoys her hostess that the very guest who last month was the life of the party is conspicuously missing next time.

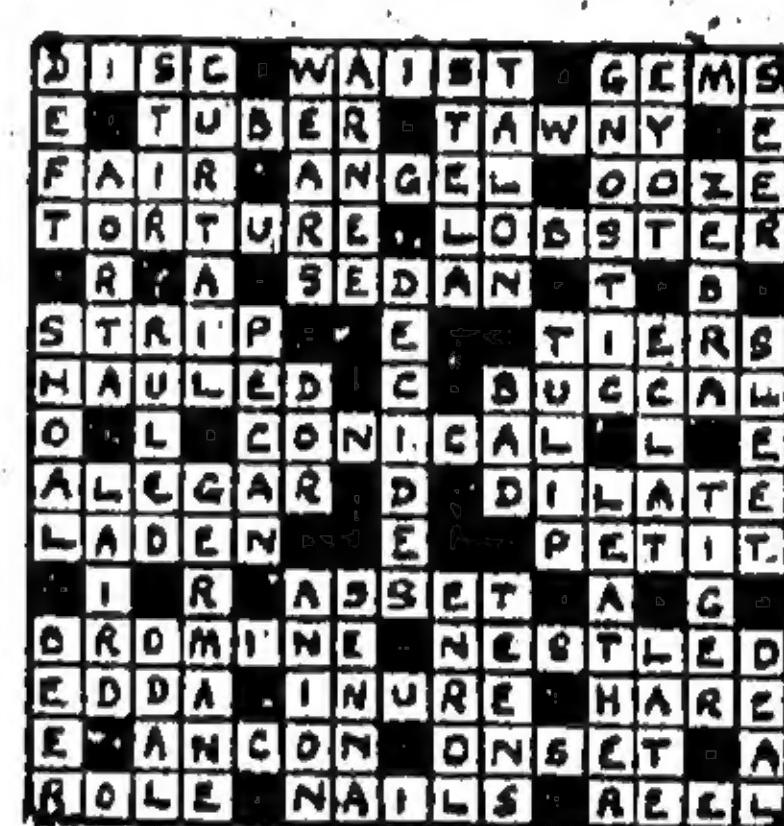
When the time arrives for departing the ideal guest will not in any circumstances let herself be persuaded to tarry. She will bid adieu while the welcome is warm and everyone is clamouring for her to come again.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- 14 Face.
15 Leader of a choir.
16 Equally eternal with another.
17 Bird's home.
18 Combined civil and religious law of Turkey.
19 Having a crest.
20 Threes united.
21 Go in.
22 State of equality.
23 Coal by-product.
24 Piece of marble.
25 Speaks derisively.
26 Imitated.
27 Loss of speech.
28 Particularises.
29 Free from stones.
30 Summits.
31 Famous school.
32 Kind of cotton gauze.
33 Bird of Morganer family.
34 Story.

Yesterday's Solution.



- 1 Cut the head off.
2 Makes suitable.
3 Feast.
4 Hebrew month.
5 Parched.
6 Vasculin net-work.
7 Daubs.
8 Word of promise.
9 Changes.

The Crinoline.

The robe-de-style forms a great part of recent collections, and it is pleasant to be able to record that they were well worth looking at, particularly one in rose-pink taffetas, with a tight-fitting bodice, an uneven hem to the full skirt, and a thick ruche of the material, outlining the edge of the corsage on the hips.

Quite apart from the robe-de-style is the crinoline frock. And more than one attempt has been made to reintroduce this interesting fashion. Not only on account of its beauty are the dressmakers pushing the crinoline, but because of its quaintness. Whether this mode will materialise or not remains to be seen.

The new evening dresses are trimmed with frills and flounces, diagonal, vertical, horizontal, some of these frills and flounces being massed at the back of the dress, recalling, not the "fifties" but the "eighties"—the days of bustles.

Diagonal and spiral flounces appear frequently, and some dresses have curved flounces in tiers, which mount at the back of the skirts and then fall, recalling the pictures of the frocks worn by the women of the "eighties."

It is believed that these effects will help to bring in a new line, and such is their charm that there is every possibility that they will.

Quiet, Refreshing Breezes for a Real Night's Rest

Century Fans are especially suited for the sleeping room because—

- 1 Practically noiseless operation, accompanied by a large volume of air moved at slow speed.
2 No undesirable drafts—the unusually slow oscillating speed effectively and evenly distributes the air.

Century
FANS

Obtainable from all leading Electrical Dealers.

Messrs. Shewan Tomes & Co. Sole Agents.

The Wakefield Mess at the headquarters of the City of London Police Reserve, the gift of Sir Charles Wakefield "in token of deep gratitude for magnificent service freely rendered," has been opened. Sir Charles, in opening the mess, said his keen admiration for the work of the Special Constabulary dated from the time he was Lord Mayor of London. In its permanent form as the Police Reserve the same fine spirit of courage and citizenship was shown. This was particularly noticeable during the national crisis in 1926.

By Blosser



MASSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE
Expert Massusee
67, Queen's Road, C. 2nd floor.

MRS. SEKAI

MASSAGE
6, Wyndham Street, 1st floor
Hongkong.

SOAP FOR YOUR COMPLEXION

Dubarry's

"BEAUTY" SOAP AND
"COMPLEXION" SOAP

THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY

14, Queen's Road, O. Tel. O. 1877.

WATSON'S PRICKLY HEAT LOTION

An infallible remedy, affords immediate relief and effects a speedy cure. Prices: 60 cts. & \$1.20 Per Bottle.

You will enjoy a Most Refreshing and Luxurious bath by using WATSON'S

Household AMMONIA.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

The Hongkong Dispensary,
Phone C. 16:



**Come in
and hear this greatest
of all entertainers!**

HEAR a list of your favorite musical selections at our store. The Orthophonic Victrola reproduces them marvelously—*clear, rich, and convincingly realistic!*

Let us show you our stock of Orthophonic Victrolas. We have instruments in designs to match every interior, and at prices to fit every purse. A small down-payment will put one in your home. Come in soon and ask us about this plan.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

(Victor Distributors.)

TOTAL

DRY FIRE EXTINGUISHER

CONTENTS NEVER DETERIORATE

NO PERIODIC REFILLING

APPARATUS NEVER FAILS

NON-CONDUCTOR
OF ELECTRICITY

RELIABLE, EFFICIENT, EFFECTIVE.

Type for Motor Cars, &c.
APPROVED BY BOARD OF TRADE,
LONDON.

KELLER KERN & Co., Ltd.
16/18 CONNAUGHT ROAD, C.

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1928.

LUCK.

By this time next week, somebody will be richer to the extent of more than three hundred thousand sterling as a result of the Calcutta Sweepstake on the Derby. As we have not managed to secure a ticket, it will not be us. But there are many Hongkong people who have a lively interest in the draw, and, on the principle that somebody has to win the prize, all of them naturally hold the hope that fortune will come their way. The odds, of course, are tremendous. But that does not deter ticket-holders from indulging in the alluring if somewhat profitless pastime of building castles in the air. We have all done it in our time, but the great majority of us have had to be content with hoping for better luck next time. And there will be many thousand again in that position after this year's Derby has come and gone.

There has, we notice, recently been some correspondence in one of the London newspapers concerning systems at roulette, and one writer asserts that he is in possession of a method, tested over twenty thousand chances, which will produce almost mathematically a profit of twelve louis an hour with a louis a unit. Whatever the merits of such systems, however, no player can in the long run overcome the mathematical advantage which the Monte Carlo bank has assured itself, for it is to be doubted whether there is any method which will not some day or other touch the maximum and collapse like a house of cards. All that the player can do is to avail himself to the full of every mathematical advantage in his favour; and if he is careful enough, he may postpone the evil day. Of infallible systems, the name is legion, but the Casino still manages to pay its shareholders a handsome dividend. Whether we are dealing with roulette, cards, or sweepstakes, it must be remembered that the caprices of fortune are due to nothing more than the limits of human intelligence. As one writer expressed it, no-one really imagines that some swerve of the atom, or some other form of miracle, conditions the point at which the roulette-ball stops, the card turns up, or the sweepstakes-ball comes out. All such results

are the consequence of normal causation; but it so happens, that we know so little of the causes that produce them that correct prophecy is impossible. On the other hand, most gamblers are possessed of a conviction that luck does exist, and, conversely, that some people have the misfortune always to be "unlucky." But even those who have never won a prize of any kind in a sweep, despite the regular purchase of tickets, often keep on buying, in the belief that fortune will, if they persist, eventually smile on them. We have even heard of instances in which a man has for years concentrated on a particular number without success, but who has kept on buying it because of a fear that, the moment he deserts it, it might actually turn up!

But, luck or no luck, the temptation to woo the Goddess of Fortune is one to which the most of us are occasionally susceptible. It is human nature to "have a flutter" now and then, and life would be a rather drab affair for some folk if they did not put their luck to the test. But wholesale gambling, and the risking of money which the punter cannot afford to lose, are in quite another category—usually economically disastrous and always morally unsound.

Making Things Clear.

As we believe an American would say, President Coolidge has had the veto axe in hand all Session. The Mississippi Flood Bill, requiring something like \$70,000,000, is obviously too much for a man whose reputation is that he squeezes a dollar till the eagle screams; Mr. Mellon was not prepared to allow in his Budget for the full amount of the taxation reduction demanded; while the Farm Relief Bill is regarded by the President as pernicious. These incidentally were the only major issues before Congress, and the President attacked them all. That he was only called upon to exercise his veto right in the case of the Farm Relief Bill is due to concessions made during the passing through the House. The very nature of the banned Bill, however, demanded its acceptance or rejection just as it stood, or more or less. President Coolidge, in returning it to the Senate, declared it to be unconstitutional, and said that the equalisation fee, its principal feature, was altogether unacceptable. This fee rose out of a method by which a Federal Farm Board would decide when a surplus had grown in any farm products, and would arrange to hold back the surplus, or to "dump" it abroad. The money for the purpose was to come first from a fund of \$400,000, and when this was exhausted, from an equalisation fee, a levy on all growers of the crop which produced a surplus. On the eve almost of the Presidential election, when agricultural votes are much in demand, the Republican Party is seriously alarmed at the possible effects of the veto, particularly as the New York Senators, from a State which is likely to suffer by Farm Relief, were strongly in favour, no doubt to gain the rural votes for the Democratic candidate, of Mr. Al Smith. The retiring President is, however, rather clever. In his criticism of the Bill he declared that it embodied a "formidable array of perils for agriculture, which were all the more menacing because they were obscured in a mass of ponderously futile bureaucratic paraphernalia." Ponderously futile bureaucratic paraphernalia—fancy being obscured in that! We feel sure that the farmers will agree that this could not have been permitted. In the same connexion, we are beginning to realise why the British are often accused in America of subtlety.

According to a report made to the police yesterday, two diamond rings, valued at \$3,000 were stolen from No. 1 Leung Fai Terrace, the residence of Mr. Leung Tat-ting. The theft must have occurred between 9.30 a.m. on the evening of May 29 and morning on May 30, according to the surmise of the person who made the report. An amanuensis employed at the house is detained for enquiries.

A Revolutionary Society burnt the yamen at Lung Kun, near Swatow, and murdered four Mandarins.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank shareholders approved of a resolution to increase the Bank's capital from ton to twenty million dollars.

H. E. Tsoi, Chau Hau, President of the Board of Posts and Communications in Peking, was appointed Viceroy of Kwangtung and Kwangsi.

Mr. Henry Keswick was appointed an unofficial member of the Hongkong Legislative Council, in place of Mr. W. J. Greson.

DAY BY DAY.

PEOPLE DO NOT WORK WELL FOR BARE NECESSITIES; THEY WORK WELL FOR IDEALS, FOR ASPIRATIONS, FOR COMFORTS, YES, FOR LUXURIES.—Sir Oliver Lodge.

The P. and O. s.s. Nankin, from Singapore, is due here at noon on June 5th.

Two cases of typhoid and one of small pox (all Chinese) were notified yesterday.

By making absolute 115 decrees nisi, Lord Merrivale, in the Divorce Court recently, made the total of cases disposed of in two weeks 284.

Mr. Thomas Hamilton, who was fatally burned in the recent train disaster in South Africa, was the son of a well-known Paisley banker.

During the year ended March 31, 98,231 children received attention by the N.S.P.C.C., and out of 595 cases in which legal action was taken only 14 failed.

Dr. W. A. Dow, who was appointed coroner for East Sussex last summer, but was unable to serve owing to ill health, died recently in a nursing home.

Leonard West, 4, of Rosebery-road, Norbiton, died from injuries received when he fell on to the live rail of the Southern Railway near Norbiton Station.

The moonlight picnic arranged by the St. Peter's Church Young Men's Club for Saturday has been postponed owing to inclement weather. It is hoped that this picnic will take place on Monday, weather permitting.

Mr. George Ko has won the ping-pong Championship of the St. Peter's Church Young Men's Club, with Mr. Archie Hunt as runner-up. The Handicap was won by Mr. Archie Hunt with Mr. Francis Zimmern as runner-up.

Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co., Ltd., advertise that all departments will be closed on Monday, June 4. The Hongkong Dispensary will be open from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 6 p.m. to 7.30 p.m. for the dispensing of prescriptions only.

There is much of interest in the May issue of *The Yellow Dragon*, Queen's College magazine, including an account of the late Mr. Lee Hy-an's connexion with the College, a very readable article on Spring, a continuation of *The Flowering Plants of Hongkong and School and sports notes.*

Sentence of six weeks' hard labour was imposed by Mr. W. Scholfield, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, on an 18-year-old Chinese, who was found in the staircase of No. 5, Austin Avenue in I o'clock this morning. The defendant, in reply to his Worship, admitted that he had gone there to steal.

STILL MORE RAIN.

"South-east winds, moderate; overcast; rain," is the Royal Observatory forecast up to noon to-morrow. The daily report states: The anticyclone has passed into the Pacific. Another is central over South-West Manchuria. The depression over the Gulf of Tongking has deepened slightly. The Formosa depression has deepened and moved to the north of Oshima.

21 YEARS AGO.

SOME EXTRACTS FROM THE "TELEGRAPH" FILES.

The following items are from the *Hongkong Telegraph* for the week ended June 1st, 1907.

The rate of the dollar on demand was 2s. 2½d.

The Tai Luk, for the Union Waterboat Co., was launched at Kowloon Dock, being christened by Mrs. Ritchie.

Mrs. (later Lady) May presented the prizes at the Victoria British School, at which Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, an Inspector of Schools, delivered an address.

A Revolutionary Society burnt the yamen at Lung Kun, near Swatow, and murdered four Mandarins.

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PEAK TRAMWAYS REPORT.

PROFITS FOR THE PAST YEAR.

The report of the Directors of the Peak Tramways Co., Ltd., for the year ended April 30th, 1928, is as follows:

The net profit for the twelve months, after deducting Directors' fees and General Managers' remuneration, and making provision for depreciation, amounts to \$52,421.16, to which has to be added the balance brought forward from last account, \$21,712.69, making available for appropriation, \$73,953.75.

The Directors recommend that the amount available for distribution be allocated as follows:—Pay a dividend of 10% on 25,000 shares fully paid up, \$25,000; pay a dividend of 10% on 50,000 shares \$5,000 paid up, \$25,000; transfer to General Reserve, \$10,000; and carry forward to next account, \$18,953.75.

Directors.—During the year Mr. J. Scott Harston, Mr. A. S. Gubbay and Mr. J. J. Paterson resigned from the Board on leaving the Colony. Sir Elly Kadoorie, the Hon. Mr. C. G. Mackie, Mr. A. B. Stewart and Mr. M. H. Turner were invited to join the Board. In accordance with Rule 95 (a) of the Articles of Association, the present members, Sir Robert Ho Tung, Sir Elly Kadoorie, Hon. Mr. C. G. Mackie, Mr. A. B. Stewart and Mr. M. H. Turner retire, but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors.—The accounts were audited by Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews and Messrs. Linstead & Davis. Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews and Messrs. Linstead & Davis offer themselves for re-election.

There had been a railway accident near a country town in America, and a shrewd lawyer, with an eye to business, hurried to the scene of the disaster. He noticed an old negro with an injured head, and went up to where he lay groaning on the ground.

"How about damages?" he began. But the sufferer waved him off. "G'way, buss, g'way," he said. "Ah neber hit de train. Ah neber done such a ting in my life. Yo' cain't git no damages out ob me."

Solicitor at Clerkenwell County Court: Have you any more witnesses to call? Man: I have the town hall. Mr. Registrar: Friend: Then let us have the town hall in the witness-box. A borough council clerk then entered the box.

Judge Cluer at Shoreditch: You are seeking to tell me what passed between two women, which is not evidence—goodness only knows what passes between two women.

A solicitor asked a wife at Shoreditch County Court if her husband was heavily in debt. The wife: Happy is the wife whose husband is not.

Willesden man: Give me time and I will pay the fine. Magistrate: You are meeting trouble halfway. There is no fine yet.

Magistrate at Willesden: Why did you not appear yesterday on this charge of drunkenness? Man: I was getting over the day before, sir.

Barrister at West London County Court: I would hold no brief for any one who embezzled money. Judge Sturgess: I have, and been successful.

Considerable amusement has been caused in the Taxation Department in Adelaide owing to the receipt of an indignant letter from a country orchardist, protesting bitterly against the injustice of an item in his income tax assessment, "super tax, £1/8." He concluded his letter as follows: "I do not see why I should pay super tax. I have never used it in my life—I have always used bone dust."

Most married men and all married women will appreciate the application of a wife at Westminster Police Court recently. Desiring a summons for maintenance, she said: "While I was in the hospital my husband got the house in such a muddle that he could not face it, and he left last Friday."

All the women in court smiled broadly, and the men looked foolish. Even Mr. Gill, the magistrate, seemed slightly embarrassed as he suggested that the husband would probably return when things were straightened out again. The woman missionary agreed. Any man who has been left alone in a house for a couple of days will understand exactly why this particular husband left home.

Tam, the caddie, watched the latest convert to the Royal and Ancient game with contempt. "Tam," whispered the club "pro," "What's up now?"

"Him," indicated Tam. "He'll never mak' a player!"

"I'm not so sure," said the other. "He's doing rather well for a beginner."

They watched him miss his stroke in heavenly silence.

"Ah tell ye," snorted Tam, "that ye'll never mak' a player of him. D'ye ken what he says when he misses his ba? He just says 'Tut-tut!'"

The Very Idea!

For twenty-five years Mr. Percy Armitage has been a gentleman usher at Buckingham Palace. In that time he has had opportunities of meeting most of the exalted people of the day. He has also collected a fine store of information about the customs and traditions of the court. Added to these, Mr. Armitage has an excellent style as a raconteur, so that his book, "By the Clock of St. James," is one of the most delightful books of reminiscences.

Perhaps the most amusing and characteristic story told by Mr. Armitage is one about Lord Charles Beresford. He had received an invitation to stay at a grand country house, and he telegraphed, "Sorry, can't come, lie follows by post."

On one occasion, when Parliament was about to be opened by Queen Victoria, Smith, the coachman, brought the coach and horses through the archway into the quadrangle of Buckingham Palace, and drew up before the Grand Entrance in magnificent style. Beckoning to Mr. Percy Armitage's father, who was in command of the guard of honour, Smith went down and whispered:

"Will you do me a favour, colonel?"

"Of course, Smith, if I possibly can."

"Keep that big drum of yours quiet as we go out; the ponies are very fresh."

"Yes; but Smith, what would Her Majesty and the Prince think of 'God Save the Queen' without the big drum?"

To which Smith replied: "I've got these 'orses in, but if that big drum of yours goes I don't know 'ow I shall get 'em out!"

There had been a railway accident near a country town in America, and a shrewd lawyer, with an eye to business, hurried to the scene of the disaster. He noticed an old negro with an injured head, and went up to where he lay groaning on the ground.

"How about damages?" he began. But the sufferer waved him off. "G'way, buss, g'way," he said. "Ah neber hit de train. Ah neber done such a ting in my life. Yo' cain't git no damages out ob me."

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NATIVE CLOTHS PREFERRED.

CANTON GOVERNMENT'S NEW INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGN OPPRESSION.

In accordance with instructions from the Ministry of Internal Affairs, says the *Canton Gazette*, the Provincial Government has issued notification to all the districts and precincts urging that silk goods woven on native looms should be used in place of serges and flannels imported from foreign countries.

The official despatch says that as China suffers from economic oppression by foreign imperialists, native industries have been in a decaying state and the means of livelihood of our people has become more and more restricted.

The Only Way.

The only way by which we may relieve this distress is to encourage in every possible way the consumption of home-made goods.

The mayors and heads officials in various towns and districts in Kwangtung are asked to carry out this order with a view to improving the welfare of the masses, especially the working class.

Raw silk is produced mainly in Shun Tak district, which supplies the country with materials to be manufactured into the latest designs of silk goods.

This news is hailed with gratification in industrial circles.

Officials' Uniforms.

All officials connected with the Municipality will have to wear only native-made clothes when the resolution to this effect is carried out, adds the *Canton Gazette*.

Mr. Wang Tok-sing, head of the Municipal Land Bureau, laid a proposal before the Municipal Administrative Council suggesting that persons employed by the city government should wear uniforms to be made out of native materials. His idea was to practice thrift, while at the same time native products should enjoy a good market at home. This suggestion was adopted at a recent meeting of the Municipal Council.

It has been decided that all such clothes are to be cut in civilian style, and the colour will be white in summer, grey in autumn and black in winter. For female staffs, white blouses and black skirts or white long coats will be worn in hot seasons.

MINING BALLOT METHODS.

CHALLENGE TO THE T.U.C.

Challenges and "counter-challenges mark the controversy between the Notts Miners' Industrial Union and the old Miners' Association, which is taking a ballot in the coalfield, with the object of establishing a case for recognition.

Mr. R. Gascoyne, secretary of the Industrial Union, has sent a challenge to Mr. Citrine, secretary of the General Council of the Trades Union Congress, suggesting a meeting at which, he said, "I will produce evidence of a man who is not a miner before giving ballot papers and will prove that he voted, and I will prove to you that professional and business men can be, and actually are, in possession of ballot papers. I will produce six ballot papers that were given to one man yesterday."

To this Mr. Citrine replied insisting "on a public meeting to discuss the charges and declaring: "I will answer them in categorical detail; you producing your witnesses, and I bringing officers in charge of the ballot, whose partiality you impugn."

An Affidavit.

A bombshell has fallen in the ballot camp in the shape of an affidavit, sworn by Mr. B. F. H. Mollan, an official of the Seamen's Union, before Mr. J. M. Barnett, a Commissioner for Oaths. Mr. Mollan declares that he went to the Employment Exchange, Nottingham, where there was a ballot box outside the door. "I applied for and obtained a ballot paper," he adds, "which I put into my pocket. About ten minutes later I again applied to the man who had issued my first ballot paper to me, and was immediately handed a second paper. I was at no time, either on the issue of the first or the second paper, asked as to what were my qualifications for obtaining a paper nor as to whether I was a miner or not."

Mr. Mollan relates how he ballotized by tearing from the first paper issued to him the slip marked on the Notts Miner's Association—commonly called the Old Union. "Before putting the slip into the ballot box," he proceeds, "I marked on the right-hand side my initials, 'B. F. H. M.' The remaining portion of the ballot paper is hereto annexed, and the whole of the second ballot paper obtained by me is also annexed."

BARONET & SON SUED FOR CONSPIRACY.

AFFAIRS OF FAMOUS PRINTING FIRM.

A former director of the printing firm of Waterlow and Sons, Ltd., in the King's Bench Division, sued Sir Philip Waterlow and his son, Mr. Edgar L. Waterlow, for damages for alleged conspiracy.

Mr. Albert George Gronow, of Middlebrough, Hatch End, Middlesex, alleged that Sir Philip and his son had conspired to remove him from the position of director and joint general manager of Waterlow and Sons, Ltd. The defence was a denial of this, and it was pleaded that the object of the action was not so much the recovery of damages as an attempt at blackmail.

Sir Patrick Hastings, for Mr. Gronow, said he began with Waterlow Brothers and Layton, Ltd., in 1910 at £300 a year.

By 1919 he had risen to a position in the company bringing him between £7,000 and £8,000 a year.

It was stated that the firm of Waterlow and Sons, Ltd., (of which Sir Philip and his son were directors) should amalgamate with Waterlow Brothers and Layton, Ltd.

Mr. Gronow and Mr. Russell Palmer were appointed joint general managers of the amalgamated company of Waterlow and Sons, Ltd.

A few months after the amalgamation (counsel, continued) a 10 years' contract with the company was about to expire. To Mr. Gronow's amazement he was told not to tender afresh for the contract, the defendants stating that it was their practice not to tender for certain contracts against other people if they could arrange to get an exchange with those people.

The defendants also said they could produce agreements to confirm that arrangement. When Mr. Gronow asked to look at the agreements (added Sir Patrick) the defendants refused to produce them.

From that point the defendants were determined that Mr. Gronow should be turned out, and he was subjected to petty insults.

He was not allowed to see all the letters, and when he was speaking in the office the defendants played toy golf on the table.

He was ultimately driven to resign and, added counsel, he heard five years later from Sir Wm. Waterlow the reason why the defendants were anxious to get rid of him.

Sir William Waterlow had declined to give a proof of his evidence, but so confident was Mr. Gronow of the honesty of Sir William that he was calling Sir William on subpoena without knowing what his evidence would be.

Sir William Waterlow had engaged in printing the entire issue of £1 and 10s. currency notes, and the initiation of the scheme was very largely due to Mr. Gronow, who received the O.B.E. for those services.

Sir William said he did not believe in trade arrangements concerning contracts.

Muzzling Him.

Mr. Gronow, giving evidence, said he asked Mr. Edgar Waterlow if it was true that he (Mr. Waterlow) had stated that the object of the amalgamation was to muzzle him.

Mr. Waterlow replied that it was perfectly true, and remarked, "You were a thorn in our sides."

It was also pointed out by Mr. Edgar Waterlow (Mr. Gronow continued) that the defendants proposed sharing the Gas Light and Coke Company's contract with McCorquodales.

"I asked," continued Mr. Gronow, "how it was proposed to carry that out, and he replied: 'McCorquodale's prices on one section will be higher than ours and vice versa.' I said, 'I object to this secret arrangement.' Sir William said, 'So do I.'

Mr. Edgar Waterlow then said, "These arrangements are very unstable to us. In my safe I have an agreement signed by Stunt de la Rue (now dead) in connexion with the Treasury note contract under which, had they taken the Treasury note contract for you (meaning Waterlow Brothers and Layton) we should have made a lot of money."

Mr. Gronow said that after leaving Waterlow's he joined the board of De la Rue's at 7,500 guineas a year, free of tax. He was removed from the board of that company in September 1922, and was afterwards paid £10,000 compensation in settlement of an action which he had started against them.

In his present position his salary was £2,000 a year and £200 director's fees.

The hearing was adjourned.

MORE ANTI-JAPANESE LEAFLETS.

FIVE CHINESE ARE SENTENCED.

CHIANG KAI-SHEK COMES IN FOR CRITICISM.

RISING ADVOCATED.

perialists and be active to get the question of Tsinan settled ourselves. Let us shout loudly: "Overthrow Chiang Kai-shek, who has betrayed our country and killed our people. Overthrow the Imperialist fleet and brutal soldiers. The success of the Northern expedition is only the success of the Imperialists. Oppose the five demands of the Japanese Imperialists, which have been accepted by the Kuomintang."

Another Case.

The case was then proceeded with against four other Chinese who were arrested on the reclamation ground at the Praya East on the evening of May 21st. The first three men were charged with nine months' hard labour, but added that if, at the end of three months, the propaganda against the Japanese should cease, he might recommend to the proper authorities a remission of the remainder of the sentence.

Sergeant Whant, who prosecuted, said the defendant was arrested in Hospital Road on May 22, where he was throwing certain leaflets on the street. A crowd, consisting mainly of boys, were following him and picking up the papers.

Sentence Passed.

In passing sentence on the defendant his Worship said:—"This seems a similar case to the one I tried the other day, where a man was convicted of carrying a banner. I impose on this man the sentence of nine months' hard labour and I add the same condition as I did on the last occasion, that is, if during the next three months the propaganda should cease, I would consider recommending to the proper authorities the remission of the remainder of his sentence."

The Document.

A translation of the leaflet distributed by the defendant reads as follows:

"To our brothers and sisters in Hongkong:

"The Japanese Imperialists sent their fleet and brutal soldiers to Tsinan to burn and kill our brothers and sisters. How can we, brothers and sisters in Hongkong, allow the Japanese to usurp our Tsinan City in Shantung?"

"Brothers and Sisters! Are you hoping to unite China first before we take up the question of Tsinan? The betrayers of our country only want to unite China and then surrender the whole of her to the Imperialists. We are hoping that the Kuomintang will capture Peking and then discuss the question of Tsinan. But Chiang Kai-shek's Kuomintang has accepted the five demands of the Japanese Imperialists. The Kuomintang has not reached Peking yet."

"When the Kuomintang reaches Peking, Peking will surely be sold to.

Kuomintang Attacked.

Why does the Kuomintang want to surrender this to the Imperialists? Because she has lost the support of the peasants and workmen. The Kuomintang has killed the people and concluded the Unequal Treaties. If the Kuomintang captures Peking, it will mean that it is captured by the Imperialists.

They then began to distribute the pamphlets which were the subject of the charges.

Explaining the procedure, witness said that the three men produced the papers from which we showed during the Canton and Hongkong Strike. We have to fight against the Im-

(Continued on Page 8.)

CLASSIC 3-YEAR OLDS.

STARTERS AND OWNERS FOR THE DERBY.

FULL ACCEPTANCES.

London, May 31. The final Derby acceptances are as follows:

Mr. H. R. Armitage's Yeomanstown,

Sir Abe Bailey's Advocate.

Sir Abe Bailey's Heirloom.

Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Felstead.

Mr. T. Davidson's Constant Son.

Lord Derby's Fairway.

Lord Dewar's Sunny Trace.

Mrs. G. Drummond's Gang Warily.

Mr. D. M. Gant's Royal Crusader.

Capt. G. P. Gough's Royal Minstrel.

Mr. Sol Joel's Porthole.

The Aga Khan's Ranjit Singh.

Mr. A. K. Macomber's Luavane-ian.

Mr. L. Neumann's Black Watch.

Sir Laurence Phillips' Flamingo.

Duke of Portland's The Wheeler.

Lady Richardson's Fernkloof.

Lord Rossberry's Camelot.

Baron Edouard de Rothschild's Bubbles II.

Mr. D. Sullivan's O'Curry.

Mr. W. J. Waldron's Grange View.

Mr. C. W. S. Wittburn's Scintillation.

Mr. Jacques Witteck's Palais Royal II.

Major J. S. Courtald's Cyclonic Router.

Wm. Powell, Ltd.

The Most Convenient Furnishing Establishment in Hongkong.

Loose Covers

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for DRAPERY SLIP COVERS UPHOLSTERIES

That Beautify and Endure.

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18, Connaught Road, Telephone C. 3120.

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STILL.

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS

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(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances 1911-1915)

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INSURANCE OF SCHOOL FEES.

Ask

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

for their scheme whereby your child's School Fees are provided by easy instalments during infancy.

and are ASSURED IN THE EVENT OF YOUR DEATH

Telephone C. 1122 or write to the Manager, ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING, HONGKONG.

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.



"Well, they ain't said anything about stoppin' it."

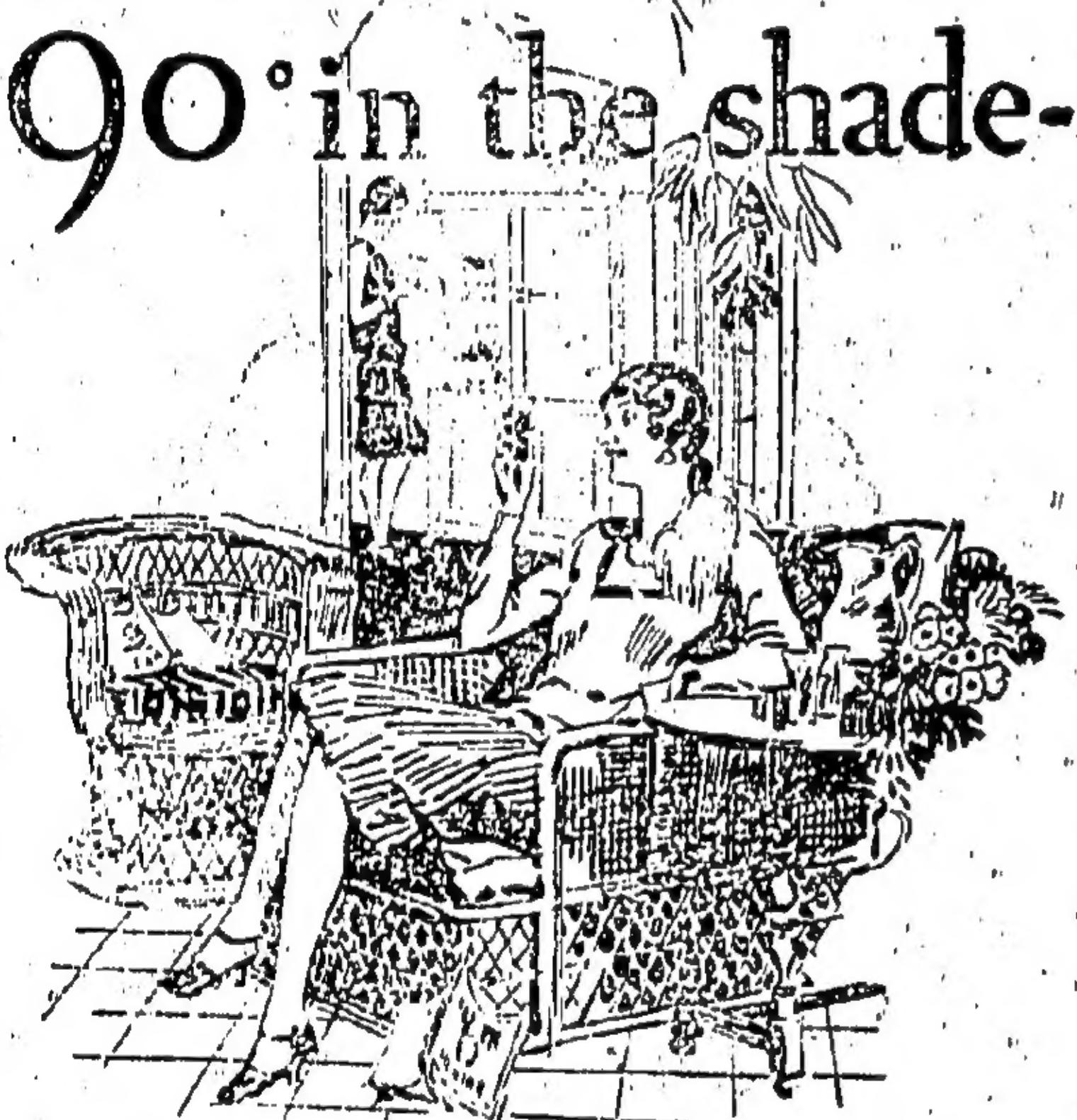
TIES OF CREESELESS MAROCAIN



Marocain material is made from Silk and Wool—will not crease or pull out of shape. Printed designs unobtainable in any other materials. The most successful neckwear novelty ever introduced to the tie trade.

Fancy designs in MAROCAIN Ties \$3.00
10% cash discount each.

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.
MEN'S WEAR STYLISTS.



Yet FRIGIDAIRE maintains cold-storage temperatures—automatically

FRIGIDAIRE makes its own ice—an abundance of crystal cubes from your own pure drinking water. And the patented self-sealing freezing trays also provide below-freezing temperatures for making frozen delicacies that help one forget hot weather discomforts. In the food compartment Frigidaire maintains cold storage temperatures that keep even the most perishable foods pure and fresh.

The steel cabinet models are finished in white Dico with enamel or seamless porcelain lining. Five models are porcelain-finished inside and out. Yet prices are amazingly low, due to the tremendous resources of General Motors.

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Demonstration models on view at our office and at the Hongkong Electric Co's Showroom.

FIBRE BOARD CARTONS
the modern and economical containers for all classes of merchandise.

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a fast and efficient method of re-inforcing fibre boxes, crates, bales, bundles and wood-boxes.

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more easily driven and greater holding power.

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Agents.

Fibreboard Products Co., of San Francisco.

Acme Steel Co., of Brooklyn, New York.

THE AMSTERDAM OLYMPICS.

PROSPECT OF THE GERMAN COMPETITORS.

German sporting circles are carefully equipping themselves for the great contest at Amsterdam. No fair sporting means has been left untried that may assist Germany in doing her best to obtain success. During the principal week, namely at the close of July, all participants will march round the stadium and will lower their flags before the Queen of Holland as sovereign of the country hospitably entertaining them.

The most important task which fell to the various German sport associations was to provide their best representatives with adequate opportunities for training. The most capable athletes were assembled for courses in different towns; here they trained together, and the best were then selected. The severest test was that of the inter-State matches of last year.

The footballers played with varying luck; but they showed throughout a technical superiority which speaks well for the outlook at Amsterdam—always provided the eleven displays the necessary will to win and the psychical energy absolutely essential in the Olympia games. The hockey team has a good chance, as it managed to draw with the hitherto best hockey players; the English, and won all its other matches.

Excellent progress has been made by the light athletes. The improvement in their performances is particularly encouraging because it is an all round one. Germany can boast more than half a dozen first-class 100 metre runners; which of them has the present chance of success is, at present, difficult to say.

The very fact of it having been assumed that the chief attraction in the light athletic events at Amsterdam will be the tussle between America and Germany is evidence of the high esteem in which the German athletes are generally held. They stand well for all distances. Good results have been obtained in all events.

In the Olympia games, however, Germany has never obtained a fitting place.

It is difficult to forecast results in the boat races, since no one knows how the different crews will adapt themselves to unknown waters. But Germany has good men at her command and the German oarsmen have often proved winners. In regard to sailing, the Dutch have naturally the advantage of familiarity with wind and weather on their own waters.

Mention deserves to be made of the fact that the whole German sailing world is sharing in the preparations and will participate at Amsterdam.

SHOP HOURS AND THE THEATRE.

"BEER BETTER THAN CHOCOLATES."

The Shop (Hours of Closing) Bill, as amended, has been ordered to be reported to the House of Commons by the Standing Committee.

Miss Wilkinson (Soc. Middleborough) moved an amendment to omit from the schedule of the Bill the paragraph exempting from its provisions the sale after closing hours of tobacco, sweets, chocolates, and ice cream at theatres and other places of entertainment to members of the audience during performances.

The Rev. J. Barr (Soc. Motherwell) supported the amendment.

Mr. Macquisten (C. Argyllshire) said the amendment would mean that a young man could have to say to his young lady, "I can't get you table waters, I can't get you sweets or chocolates or ice-cream, but by the kind permission of the hon. member for Motherwell I can give you a whisky and soda."

Mr. Barr replied that that was exceedingly smart, but unfair, because Mr. Macquisten knew as well as anyone that he (Mr. Barr) opposed the part of the measure dealing with alcoholic refreshment.

Mr. Macquisten: I think a glass of beer is a great deal better than a box of chocolates. I think it is much better for the internal organs.

The amendment was lost.

HOME CRICKET.

HALLOWS OBTAINS HIS 1,000 RUNS.

London, May 31.—At Manchester, playing for Lancashire against Sussex, Hallows scored 222 runs and reached the 1,000 run mark.

This has only twice been previously accomplished, once by Grace in 1895 and once by Hammond in 1927.

BRITISH PROTEST TO AMERICA.

VESSEL SEIZED OUTSIDE TERRITORIAL WATERS.

"ISLE OF JUNE" CASE.

The British Government have protested to the United States against the practice of revenue cutters when outside territorial waters, seizing British vessels suspected of rum-running.

Sir A. Mauric Low, the Washington Correspondent of the *Morning Post*, states, in the following important cable that unless there is a change in the policy of the United States Treasury Department, it is not unlikely that the British Government will rescind the Bahamian agreement, and prohibit coastguard cutters using Bahamian waters as an American base. Under instructions from the Foreign Office, the British Embassy has formally remonstrated to the State Department against the methods of the American coastguard in seizing British vessels outside territorial waters suspected of violating the Anglo-American Liquor Treaty. There have been several incidents of this character, but what has brought about Sir Esme Howard's protest was the firing, about a month ago, upon the Isle of June, a passenger vessel plying on her regular route between Bermuda and Florida.

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assumed that the chief attraction in the light athletic events at Amsterdam will be the tussle between America and Germany is evidence of the high esteem in which the German athletes are generally held. They stand well for all distances. Good results have been obtained in all events.

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ANTI-JAPANESE LEAFLETS.

(Continued from Page 7.)

Witness stretched out his arms to seize him, whereupon the defendant, not knowing his identity and misunderstanding the purport of the gesture for one of eagerness to obtain a copy, handed one of the papers to him. It dropped to the ground, and defendant beckoned that he would give him another copy.

In like manner, the second defendant also gave away his allotment, but the third was more business-like. What he did with his copies was to throw them into the air, leaving them to be picked up by the crowd as they dropped.

Chief Detective Inspector Murphy, in reply to his Worship, said that the copies were identical with what appeared to be the original. As with the papers seized in many other cases, the pamphlets were first prepared by hand, then "Roneoed" into multi-fold copies.

All Guilty.

His Worship said he was quite satisfied that the four defendants were acting in concert, and that while one was addressing the crowd, the others were distributing anti-Japanese propaganda. Such remarks as "running dog" in reference to some of the Chinese military leaders, amounted to nothing, as, in the view of his Worship, these expressions were a matter of personal opinion. He would convict the first three defendants, on Charges "A" of and "B," being in possession of seditious pamphlets and distributing them to the crowd, and the fourth defendant, on Charge "C," of unlawfully addressing the crowd. He sentenced all four defendants to nine months' hard labour and, as in the other case, intimated that the sentence would be remitted if within three months unlawful propaganda of that nature ceased.

The facts were reported through the Embassy to the State Department, which in turn referred the matter to the Treasury Department, the coastguard being under the authority of the Treasury. The Embassy also called attention to the fact that as the Isle of June was well known as a regular passenger vessel on an established route, she could not have been mistaken for a rum-runner, and if there was carrying of contraband cargo, that could have been established by a search of the vessel. Furthermore, firing on the ship was unjustified.

Charges Denied.

In the presence of the Vice-Consul and American authorities, search was made when the Isle of June arrived at Miami, and no liquor was found.

From berating the work of "Japanese Militarists" it was but a step further for the authors of the document seized in this case, to blame the foreign Militarists. The Shakese Incident of a few years ago was again recalled, and finally the workers of Hongkong were urged to rise up in a body and "overthrow the British Imperialists and their tame dog Li Chai-sum and avenge those who were killed in that affair."

Finally, the "Red" character of the document was revealed in the call to the Hongkong Workers to "overthrow the Capitalists who have exploited us, and the Capitalist Society that has caused us sufferings."

Eight motor-cars were destroyed and several damaged in fire which broke out in the garage of Archway Garage Company, Leman-street, Whitechapel.

HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW?

The following are the replies to to-day's questions:

1. Blackbird thrush; nightjar, 2. Of Normandy; 3. King of Cornwall; 4. "The Miller's Wife" by Gilbert and Sullivan; 5. The greatest happiness of the greatest number; 6. Top leaves and tender part of hemp dried; 7. From the brilliant green and markings of the "Imperial Guards"; 8. "Let me review"; 9. Formality of sending copy to British Museum, when it has been published; 8. Man who has no occupation; 9. Heraldic dragon, re-enacted with a serpent tail; 10. First year of the Tang Emperor Hsien-tzu, of Japan, next November.

Unless there is a change made in Treasury practices, it is not unlikely that the British Government will rescind the Bahamian agreement, and prohibit coastguard cutters using Bahamian waters as an American base.

Last week Mr. Mansfield, the Canadian Minister, protested to the State Department against the reckless use of firearms by Prohibition officers in Canadian territory, and cited instances of the lives of Canadians being endangered by this promiscuous firing.

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POST OFFICE NOTICE

RADIO NOTICE.

RADIO TELEGRAPH SERVICES are now in operation as follows: Ships at Sea, Europa, American Continents, Hawaiian Islands, Dutch East Indies, Dutch Borneo, Philippines Islands, French Indo-China, Province of Yunnan, British North Borneo, Siam, Canton, Swatow, Kwangtung, Fort Bayard, Tchekam, Hollow, Amoy and Fochow, etc.

It is notified for information that the via Wireless rate to Europe has been reduced to \$1.05 per word. The rate to the Dutch East Indies has been reduced from \$1.00 to 90 cents per word as from April 28th.

Rates and further particulars on application to the RADIO COUN-

TER, 1st Floor, Government Building.

Telegraphic Addresses—Persons and firms having correspondents in the places named above should in order to avoid delay to telegrams received by radio register their telegraphic address immediately.

A direct service to Yunnan Province was opened 20th April, 1928. The inclusive charge will be 60 cents per word; no charge will be collected from the addressees in Yunnan. The service is, however, liable to interruption owing to atmospheric disturbances and messages are accepted at sender's risk.

The service from GOW Royal Observatory W/T Station is temporarily suspended owing to a breakdown of machinery. Meteorological traffic with ships will be worked by VPS Cape D'Aguilar W/T Station on 608 metres. The 300 metres telephony service is suspended until repairs are effected.

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 6 p.m. on the previous day.

Dutiable articles forwarded by letter post to Great Britain are liable to confiscation by the Customs. Such articles should be forwarded by parcel post only.

Letters and postcards for Europe and the British Isles are forwarded via Siberia if so subscribed.

The Postal Service to Swabia and neighbouring places has now been resumed.

INWARD MAILED.

From Per Due

Europe via Nagapatam letters only

London 3rd May Nam Sang June 1.

Europe via Nagapatam Papers only

London 3rd May Hector June 1.

Amoy Takliwa June 1.

Shanghai and Europe via Siberia Jeypore June 2.

Shanghai and Swatow Shantung June 2.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai President Van Buren June 2.

Shanghai Hupeh June 2.

Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghaibai Emp. of Canada June 4.

Australia and Manila St. Albans June 4.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghaibai President Madigan June 5.

Salgon Japan and Shanghaibai Sphinx June 5.

Straits Nan Kin June 5.

U.S.A., Canada, Japan and Shanghaibai Hakusan President Pierce June 8.

OUTWARD MAILED.

For Per Date

Manila, Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island Tanda Friday, June 1.

Parcels Registration 1.45 p.m.

Letters 2.30 p.m.

(Due Thursday Island 16th June.)

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow Haikyang Fri., June 1, 2 p.m.

Saigon Haikuo Fri., June 1, 4.30 p.m.

Sam Shui and Wuchow Kong Ning Fri., June 1, 4.30 p.m.

Ulihow, Pakhoi and Haliphong Tuan Fri., June 1, 5 p.m.

Shanghai, China, and Europe via Siberia Suiyong Fri., June

TATTOO PROGRAMME.

(Continued from Page 2.)

The Military Side.

Referring again to Shanghai Col. Comyn said that half the profits of the Tattoo were devoted to the Union Jack Club while the other half of the profit was handed to General Sir John Duncan to dispose of as he thought fit.

The local Military authorities had got together and had now decided on the general lines of the Military part of the Tattoo. A most important question was that of lighting and that would be in charge of the Royal Engineers. One part of the Military display would consist of massed bands, drums and pipes, these being features of Military tattoos.

Each unit in Hongkong was prepared to stage one item all on its own, while the members of each unit were also prepared to give their services in other displays, such as torchlight processions etc., or in any other way required.

With regard to the King's Own Scottish Borderers they were prepared to give their services wherever required and to place the facilities of their headquarters at the disposal of others. In conclusion Col. Comyn mentioned that Col. Skinner, who was not present that day, would be the general supervisor of the Military part of the Tattoo.

The Civilian Side.

Mr. R. Sutherland said.—His Excellency, General Luard and Colonel Comyn have already outlined the general scheme of the Grand Tattoo, so it only remains for me to deal with matters from the civilian standpoint.

I think the arrangement whereby we have composite committees of Service representatives and civilians will commend itself to you. Speaking from our side, I would like to make it perfectly clear that, whereas everything possible will be done to hold meetings and conduct organizations with as little loss of time and inconvenience to members of Committees as possible, there will be a good deal of hard and responsible work to get through, but with proper organization there is no reason why everything should not run smoothly.

The Venue.

I think you will also agree with me that the venue of the Grand Tattoo is extremely suitable at Happy Valley especially as we hope to rely to a large extent upon the co-operation and assistance of not only the Jockey Club, but the Golf Club. The general idea is to partially enclose with a matting fence some 10 to 12 feet high, an arena 160 yards deep, stretching from the end of the public enclosure of the Jockey Club round to the vicinity of the Public Stands to the north of the Jockey Club property.

It is considered that with the erection of additional temporary stands there will be sufficient seating accommodation for all. It is suggested, if circumstances allow, to hold the Tattoo on possibly three nights with a change of programme, not necessarily three consecutive nights. The time of commencement will be 8.30 p.m.

Weather Investigations.

This is an all important matter and it may be thought by some that the first week of September will prove a rather hot period for an undertaking of this kind, but there are reasons why later dates cannot be arranged.

Mr. Claxton has been good enough to prepare for us statistics of the weather during the first week of September between the hours of 6 p.m. and midnight, over the last 10 years, and strangely enough, although we have many evenings recorded as overcast and drizzle, there are only two nights in the period under discussion in which rain is reported. We can only hope that in this case the luck will be with us.

Scenario Described.

Mr. Sutherland said it was thought that a purely Military Tattoo might not be acceptable to the whole community and it had been suggested that additional variety should be introduced into the undertaking. It was thought that more support would accrue if young ladies and young men took part in the venture.

Briefly, describing the various tableaux to be staged, Mr. Sutherland said these would be presented between the various displays by military and civil units. After the opening by the massed bands he hoped there would be a Highland scene complete with a camp in the form of a prologue. Another episode would consist of a Buck-

inghamshire scene, showing a British soldier at an inn. There would be all the "revels" of a typical May Day celebration and he hoped that Morris dancing would be included.

A third episode would show the soldier departing for foreign service and would depict a trooping ship at the dock. A fourth would show a fort in the desert and this would be accompanied by a display by the Indian troops and other units. The fifth and final episode would show the return of the hero to his village, being received with rejoicing, and also the inevitable marriage ceremony.

The Scenic Effects.

Continuing, Mr. Sutherland said: The scenic effects and mechanical features have been talked over with Mr. George Duncan and when I tell you that he informs me that there are no difficulties whatsoever and he will be glad of the opportunity of carrying out the necessary details, I think we may say that half our work in connexion with that part of our production is already accomplished, and we can leave the matter in his capable and experienced hands with the utmost confidence.

We have yet to find a producer for the scenario and this will be one of the first matters to engage the attention of the Working Committee.

We shall also require an energetic Secretary for the civilian side of the entertainment and we shall be glad to have any suggestion in this connexion, either now or later.

As already mentioned, a production such as we have in view cannot be run without funds and as is customary in similar undertakings, the difficulty can only be met by a Guarantee Fund. It is somewhat difficult, if not impossible, at the moment, to estimate the entire cost of the Tattoo, but sufficient information is at our disposal to assure us that unless something of an unprecedented nature eventuates we shall have a substantial margin of profit as a result of our efforts.

We put our overhead expenses at the moment at some \$7,000, although we feel confident they will be much less, the amount mentioned is a nominal figure which we consider should be guaranteed before embarking on the venture. To assist, we have had forms printed and it is hoped that those present and others, will see their way to guarantee the required amount, and, so already mentioned, unless something of an untoward nature occurs, there is very little chance of their being called upon for financial assistance.

We are glad to welcome our Chinese friends here-to-day and we wish them to play an important part in the general arrangements of the Tattoo. Without their support our complete aims will not be realised.

Confident of Support.

We also wish to have the backing, both morally and in a practical of the Portuguese, Japanese and other communities.

I take the opportunity of mentioning that we look to the Press of the Colony for their fullest assistance. A great deal of the success of the movement will depend upon publicity. In an experience of over 25 years in the Colony,

I have always found the Press helpful and obliging and I feel that in the matter which is now before you we can once more rely upon their valuable assistance.

Mr. Patten has particulars of the suggested Committee and will submit their names to you. I would like to mention, however, that the Committees as now set forth, are merely of a skeleton nature and they will be added to as circumstances demand and as names of those willing to assist are received.

In conclusion I would say that while there is a big task ahead of us, there is nothing to be afraid about, and the Committee feel confident that the Colony will support the movement to its fullest extent and that we can rely upon the interest and assistance of all sections of the community in an undertaking which, for obvious reasons will no doubt fully command itself to you.

Proposed Committees.

Mr. Patten, reading the names submitted for the committee referred to by Mr. Sutherland said.—I hope that all these gentlemen will be willing to serve and unless we hear to the contrary we shall take it as a sign of acquiescence.

These committees, of course, as Mr. Sutherland says, are merely skeleton ones and we shall be glad to receive names of other gentlemen, who have special qualifications to serve.

With regard to Chinese representation, may I ask if the Chinese gentlemen present this evening will submit names of Chinese who will be willing to serve. I suggest two names for each of the committees.

Working Committee.—Committee of the Naval and Military Y.M.C.A., comprising, the Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, Messrs. P. S. Cassidy, O. B. Blaker, Major E. J. Bone, J. H. Hunt and W. L. Patten.

Publicity Committee.—Messrs. R. Wylie, A. Hicks, G. W. C. Burnett, O. T. Brankspear, F. A. Perry, J. H. Hunt and W. Braken.

Finance Committee.—Messrs. G. E. Towns, G. N. Bryden, W. Fleming, O. B. Blaker, H. R. Forsyth, A. Murdoch and D. Kinloch.

Scenarist Committee.—Messrs. George Duncan, R. Sutherland, W. A. Hannibal, C. P. Anderson and R. O. Sutherland.

The chairman thanked the gathering for the attendance and interest shown in the project.

Mr. Patten proposed a vote of thanks to the General for taking the chair and suggested that those present should take advantage of the guaranteed forms placed in the Hall. If that was done then he said, a lot of trouble and inconvenience would be saved.

MEXICAN MURDER.

AMERICAN MINE FOREMAN SHOT.

Mexico City, May 31.

Mr. H. C. Smith, the American foreman of the Santa Gertrudis Mine near Pachuca was murdered by an unknown person who shot him in the road while he was driving to the mine.—Reuter's American Service.

It now appears that the pilot of the balloon was Ward Van Orman, the winner of the Gordon-Bennett cup in 1926. He was not killed but his leg was broken when he jumped from the balloon in a parachute. His assistant made a free jump from the balloon and was killed.—Reuter's American Service.

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KAN TONG PO, Manager.

MACAO GOVERNOR.

INTERESTING TRIP TO CHINESE TERRITORY.

Macao, May 30.

On Sunday, 27th May, His Excellency the Governor of Macao accompanied by Madame Tamagnini Barboza with their eldest son and a number of friends paid a visit into Chinese territory. The visit was unannounced and was made in a private capacity, their Excellencies spending the whole day in a tour in the territory and visiting among other places Tong Ka, the ancestral home of the veteran Chinese diplomat, Mr. Tang Shao-yl, who is at present in Shanghai.

Lunch was taken at Wong Mao Cheah. To this place, the late Mr. Chan Afong, a native of the village returned after making a fortune in the Hawaiian Islands, and built a magnificent garden and family temple, about seventy years ago.

The family maintain the splendid buildings and gardens established by their ancestor. Mr. Chan Wing-on, one of the promoters of the Macao-Sheki Road, was the host on the occasion of the visit of their Excellencies.

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Two women were attacked in their home at Cottenham-road, Holloway, recently, and one of them, Mrs. Woods (50), was so seriously wounded in the chest that she died soon afterwards. The other woman, Mrs. Winders, was taken to the Royal Northern Hospital suffering from superficial cuts on the abdomen.

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OWING TO THE DROP OF COST PRICES OF MANY STYLES OF WATCHES

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED BY OUR
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TO SELL OUR LAST YEAR'S STOCK

**AT A REDUCTION OF
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Gents' Dept.

Raincoats \$4.75

A lot of Broken sizes High quality Raincoats to be cleared at half prices.

Bath Gowns	\$10.00
Summer Trousers	\$1.95
Khaki Shorts	\$2.10
White Canvas Shoes	\$2.00
Straw Hats	\$1.25
Helmets	\$2.00
"Aertex" Skirts	\$3.75
Braces	\$1.00
Silk Knitted Ties 3 for	\$1.00
Silk Bow Ties	\$1.00
Wide End Silk Ties	\$1.00
Washable Ties	.25
Bathing Suits	\$2.50
B.V.D. Underwear	
Garment	\$1.40
Lisle Socks 3 Pairs for	\$1.00
Plain Silk Socks	\$1.00
Fancy	.75
Gillette Blades (10's packet)	\$1.40
Handkerchiefs	doz \$1.00

Ladies' Dept.

Newest Summer Hats and Flowers
All at 30% off

Rain Coats	\$5.00
Silk Sunshades	\$3.75
Corsets (Broken Sizes)	\$1.00
Handkerchiefs	.doz, 50 c.
Cotton Hose 4 Pairs for	\$1.00
Silk Hose	.60
Bathing Suits	\$1.95
Woollen Bathing Suits	\$7.50
"Keds" White Canvas Pumps	\$2.00
Bath Gowns	\$7.50

Childrens' Dept.

Boys' Rain Coats	\$3.75
Children's Dresses	\$1.50
Boys' Bathing Suits	.75
Children's Garters	.15

HAMPTON COURT GREAT HALL.

SKILFUL REPAIR BY THE CRAFTSMEN.

The Great Hall of Hampton Court Palace was opened to the public on May 1, after a lapse of six years, during which the degradations of the death watch beetle of centuries have been made good by the artist craftsmen of His Majesty's Office of Works, who have now restored the central piece of Henry VIII's magnificent Palace to something of its former glories.

Recently Mr. Atkinson, who has been in charge of the work here, as he was also at Westminster Hall, which suffered from the same malady, showed pressmen the completed work and also the cellars under the Great Hall which are now to be opened to the public for the first time. He showed huge oaken beams reduced to hollow, crumbling cylinders by the voracious insect, and expressed surprise that the hall had not fallen down long ago, as a great deal of the main stress depended upon such very broken reeds.

When one contemplates the immensity and mathematical exactitude of the work, six years seems a short time for its accomplishment. The roof has been completely stripped and rebuilt with a basis of 36 tons of steel girders, all cunningly hidden to give no offence to the oak, 3,000 cubic feet of which have been put in exactly the same way as the original of Henry's building. In all there are 100 "squares" of new oak in the roof. All the old lead was taken off, recast, and put back again.

Meticulous Skill.

The extensive carvings and ornamentals, which are among the most beautiful and ornate of their kind in the country, are all superimposed, and had to be taken down one by one, and repaired with meticulous skill in the workshop.

Below the Hall the great cellars have now been cleared and renovated. The main cellar was the King's "botry" and the smaller the Royal beer cellar. Ever since the Palace was first divided into private apartments in the time of the first George these cellars have been split up into innumerable private cellars for the use of residents as coal holes and box-rooms. Now they have been restored to their original dimensions, and form a veritable wonderland of historic interest, revealing, as they do, per-

CHINESE FACULTY.

SUPPORT SOUGHT FROM EUROPEANS.

The following appeal has been circulated by the Hongkong University School of Chinese Committee, for Raising Funds, of which the Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall is Chairman:

Just before his departure from the Colony, His Excellency the Governor, Sir Cecil Clementi, issued a public appeal to the European community for donations with which to found a School of Chinese at the University of Hongkong. In his letter making the appeal, His Excellency points out that the object of the School is, on the one hand, to encourage the scientific study of the Chinese language, literature, history, philosophy, and archaeology on modern lines, and on the other hand, to afford facilities to Europeans for learning the Chinese language and to acquaint themselves with Chinese thought and customs. His Excellency further says that one of the most urgent needs of this Colony, as he sees it at the present time, is that the barriers between the European and Chinese communities should be broken down, and that this cannot effectively be done until the Europeans, who live and have their business in Hongkong, acquire a competent knowledge of the Chinese language.

As members of the Committee responsible for raising funds for this worthy object, we venture to command His Excellency's eloquent appeal to your sympathetic attention in the full belief that it will meet with your generous response.

\$850,000 Needed.

It is estimated that this scheme would involve a sum of \$60,000 annual recurring expenditure of about the same amount for maintenance. The cost of the building has already been promised by a generous donor who desires to remain anonymous for the present; but a capital sum of about \$850,000 has to be raised in order to produce, at 7 per cent. per annum, \$60,000 a year for maintenance purposes.

It is the aim of the Committee to raise for the present \$300,000 which, at 7 per cent. per annum, would yield \$21,000 a year. Thus, we would still be short of \$39,000 for recurring expenses; but the Government already makes to the University an annual contribution of \$18,000 for the English Class for teaching Europeans, and we would therefore be short of only \$21,000, a deficiency which the Committee hopes the Government may make up in the form of an annual grant. When times are better, another appeal could be made to the public for further donations so as to place the School on a more secure basis.

Up to date the Committee has been able to raise among the Chinese residents about \$175,000, excluding the \$60,000 promised for the school-building; and we earnestly hope and believe that our appeal to our European friends will meet with a no less enthusiastic and generous response.

Donations, which will be acknowledged in the Press, should be sent to, and will be thankfully received by, the Honorary Joint-Treasurer, Mr. T. N. Chau, c/o Messrs. Chun On Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., 8 Queen's Road West, who will give receipts for them.

LESS TUBERCULOSIS.

BETTER HOUSING AND OPEN-AIR LIFE.

Tuberculosis, according to a statement made by Sir Robert Philip, Professor of Tuberculosis at the University of Edinburgh, has been decreasing in England and Scotland at an accelerating rate since 1871.

The British Medical Journal summarising Sir Robert's evidence states:

"Recognising that the downward course of the tuberculosis death rate had begun long before any formal anti-tuberculosis regime had been instituted, he sees his solution in those causes which began to operate as a result of the movement which followed the Royal Commission of 1869. An awakened interest in sanitary matters, an improvement in the educational standards of the people, a diffusion of general and special knowledge among classes previously excluded, a betterment of housing and working conditions, higher wages, shorter hours, better feeding, the open-air life—all these contributory factors have, in his view, increased communal vitality and tended to curb the ravages of the disease."

for COLDS, CHILLS,
SORE THROAT, ETC.

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The Handy Tablet Medicine.

Every Roof-leak makes a Pocket-leak

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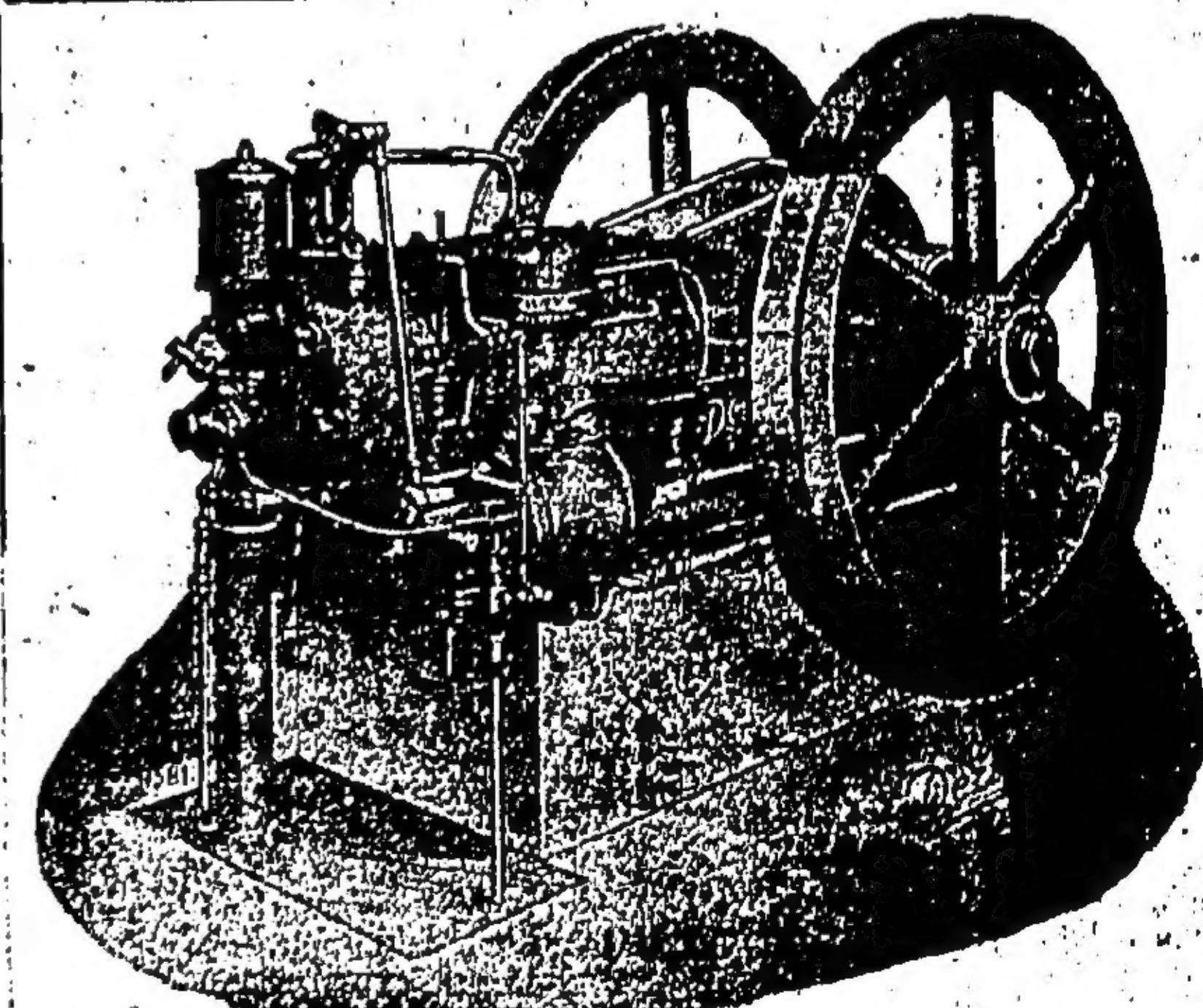
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few examples of Tudor architecture and a glimpse behind the scenes of the domestic life of an ancient Palace.

Romance and Mystery.

Zora, the Invisible

By J. R. WILMOT.

(Author of "The Moorcroft Manor Mystery.")

CHAPTER III.

The Inquest Reveals Little.

The inquest into the circumstances surrounding the death of Montgomery Gaynor was opened the following morning, and after evidence of identification had been taken, the Coroner announced that he would adjourn the inquiry for a week, not only that the police might pursue their investigations, but also that a full medical report of the autopsy—which was, as yet, by no means complete—might be furnished.

Thanks largely to the newswapers who had seized eagerly upon the mystery and accorded it an amazing amount of publicity, the Coroner's Court was crowded.

Formal evidence regarding the discovery of the body was given by William Bannister, the caretaker who, as is usual in some cases of this character, availed himself of this public opportunity of indulging his descriptive abilities which were, it must be recorded, much more expressive than exact.

"I could scarcely believe my eyes, your Honour," he said, "for I've seen a few dead men in my time, but 'e didn't look like none of 'em. 'E was sittin' in 'is chair lookin' as 'ale and 'early as yer Honour does yourself. I can't yet believe that 'e was dead, sir."

The Coroner, a fussy old gentleman, was growing impatient.

"I am not taking any medical evidence to-day, Bannister," he interrupted, tartly. "Please stand down!"

Mr. Bannister, misinterpreting the caustic comment, went back to his seat with a satisfied expression on his face.

The next witness was Mrs. Montgomery Gaynor, who said her name was Elaine, and that the late Mr. Montgomery Gaynor, of whose body she had "had the view," was her lawful husband. She looked a ratheretic figure on the witness stand—a small, delicate woman with liquid blue eyes and a detached expression upon her ivory features.

Peter Blayne, who was seated alongside Inspector Webster, watched her with interest. Among his many qualifications he was a keen student of physiognomy and the emotions. To him Mrs. Elaine Montgomery Gaynor offered no complex problem. She was a singularly sensitive woman, but one who, nevertheless, possessed that quality of impassivity by which, when her mind became over-wrought by some great grief, she was able to think with a curious if perhaps uncomprehending detachment.

She answered the Coroner's questions in a low, calm voice, in which her emotions were by no means dominant. Blayne's eyes followed her back to her seat behind the solicitors' bench. Her eyes told him she had spent a night of intense suffering, and it was clear she had loved her husband with a singular completeness. This fact was an important one to the young man for he had not, as yet, had an opportunity of investigating the private life of Montgomery Gaynor. No woman, as Blayne well knew, could possibly act with such emotional cleverness. She was genuine. There could be no doubt about that.

Next Peter Blayne turned to study Mrs. Montgomery Gaynor's daughter, who sat impassively at her mother's side.

She would not be more than twenty, he told himself. Her face, too, was pale—but the eyes were unusually bright—an intense blue like the sea on a cloudless day in midsummer. As Blayne watched, he experienced an altogether new emotion. This girl was out of the ordinary. She appealed strongly to his latent savagery as no other woman had ever done. He felt a sudden urge to go over and sit beside her—most unusual thing for Blayne who had, hitherto, looked upon all women with what his friends jocularly described as a "discreditable detachment," of which title he was not a little proud.

Sonia Gaynor was innocently unaware of Blayne's scrutiny. The shock of her father's death had left her rather numb, and the publicity had bitten deeply into her sensitive soul. During all these years she had led a quiet, unobtrusive life and now, with a suddenness which had given her little time to contemplate the enormity of it, she and her mother had found themselves plunged into the maelstrom of that grimly relentless undercurrent of sensational reality that flows beneath the unhurried surface of life.

Her father had denied her nothing. She had been educated at a convent school in France and, at the age of eighteen, she had settled down with her parents in England

was "Oyster."

"Only a gent from Guy's, sir. Wanted to know if you could make it convenient to call and see Dr. Multhead some time to-morrow morning."

"Thanks, Hooker. I shall not be wanting lunch until well past two. If anyone calls in the meantime, I'm not at home."

"Very good, sir," and Hooker withdrew into the shadows of his kingdom with a curious frown disturbing his usually complacent brow. That was so like Dr. Blayne... very irregular with his meals. As he passed through the dining-room on his way to the laboratory, Blayne's glance rested for a moment on the squat, black figure on the mantelshelf. Somehow or other it looked more forbidding than ever to-day, as if—a sudden fantastic thought flashed through the young doctor's brain—then he smiled. How could this devilish idol have any significance in connexion with the peculiar crime he had promised Inspector Webster to investigate?

CHAPTER V.

Indulging a Little History.

Behind the locked door of his laboratory Blayne set to work. He adjusted his high-powered microscope and carefully examined the slides he had made during the blood test. For close on twenty minutes he scrutinised them methodically, and while there was ample evidence that the blood was perfectly normal, around some of the corpuscles he detected a peculiar haze of a greyish white colour, the like of which he had never met before. If Montgomery Gaynor had been poisoned the blood test and its reaction would have revealed it with satisfactory certainty, but here were no signs of poisoning at all—except that peculiar film over the red corpuscles and that was not to be regarded as consistent proof.

Peter Blayne laid aside his slides and stared at them thoughtfully. He had, early that morning, been present at the *post mortem*, and he had seen for himself the condition of the various organs. The heart, for a man of Gaynor's ample proportions, was wonderfully sound; the lungs, too, were good, except that at the base of each was a small quantity of fluid that defied analysis.

But it was the condition of the brain that had interested Blayne most of all. There was something singularly abnormal about it. It had the appearance of having been shrivelled on the right side, and considering that the dead man's skull revealed no indications of assault, the phenomenon was all the more remarkable and it had puzzled Blayne and his co-workers considerably.

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THE VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERS FOR THE COMING WEEK.

No. 332. Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps Orders by Lieut.-Colonel L. G. Bird, D.S.O. Commandant.

Friday, June 1, 1928.
O. C. Units will submit their orders every Wednesday, for ensuing weeks, to be included in Corps Orders published on Fridays.

2. King's Birthday Parade.

Monday, 4th June, 1928.—The Corps will take part in this parade at Happy Valley at 9 a.m. on Monday, 4th June, 1928.

Fall in at Happy Valley, Football Ground at 8.10 a.m.

Two special trams will leave the East Bound Stopping place foot of Garden Road at 7.46 a.m.

Dress: Review order, khaki, helmets, khaki jackets, metals, shorts, putties, hose tops, belt and bayonet rifle and sling.

Scottish Company will conform, dressed in the kit, as for G.O.C.'s Inspection, wearing helmets.

Mounted Infantry and Motor Cycle Section will be employed on special escort duty.

Nos. 1 and 2 Companies: The Battery, Engineer Company, Corps Signals, Armoured Car Section, Infantry Company and Reserve Company.

No. 3 Company: Scottish Company.

No. 4 Company: Portuguese Company.

Officers for Colours: Lieut. M. G. Noll and 2/Lieut. H. R. Forsyth.

Arms will be drawn from Corps Headquarters to-day, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon, or 2 or 4 p.m.; or 5 and 6 p.m. and on Saturday, 2nd June, between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m.

In the event of the parade at Happy Valley being cancelled a ceremonial march past the Cenotaph will take place instead, in which case the Corps will fall in at Volunteer Headquarters at 8.50 a.m.

Dress: In future leather belts will not be worn by any N.C.O. or Man on parade, web belts only will be worn.

3. Arms.

All rifles will be handed into store immediately after the King's Birthday Parade for the annual inspection.

O. C. Scottish Company to make special arrangements with the Corps Sergeant-Major.

4. Lecture.

Major W. F. Hanrahan, M.C., will deliver a lecture on the Kirkpatrick Reconnaissance Scheme at Volunteer Headquarters at 5.45 p.m. on Friday, 8th June, 1928.

5. The Battery.

Lecture on Theory. This will be given at Corps Headquarters on Thursday at 6.00 p.m. This is a voluntary parade.

6. Mounted Infantry Company.

All ranks will parade at Stables at 5.45 p.m. for King's Birthday Parade on Friday, 1st June. Full dress, helmet, khaki jacket, breeches, putties, handkerchief and rifle.

Thursday, 7th June, Parade at Stables at 5.45 p.m. Plain Clothes.

7. Infantry Company.

The Company will parade as strong as possible on Monday, 4th June for the King's Birthday Parade, details per Corps Order No. 2.

Recruits will parade on Friday June, 8th at 5.30 p.m. at Headquarters under Lt/Sergt. Terry. Dress: Mufti, belt and sidearms.

N. C. O. Class. There will be a series of N.C.O.'s classes in the Vickers Machine Gun held during the Summer months every Friday commencing on Friday, June 15th, at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. Dress: Mufti. All N.C.O.'s and those who wish to qualify for promotion are invited to attend.

8. Portuguese Company.

The Company will compete in the Soldiers' Club Billiard Tournament,

Notices.

8. Scottish Company.

King's Birthday Parade. The Company will parade at full strength in Review order (helmets) at the Football Ground, Happy Valley at 8.10 a.m. on Monday, 4th June, 1928.

Musketry Part I. All ranks of the Company who are liable for firing of Part I must do so on Sunday, 17th June at Taikuo Range. Details later.

9. Portuguese Company.

King's Birthday Parade. The attention of all ranks is called to Corps Order No. 2.

All N.C.O.'s and Nos. 1 and 2 of Lewis Gun Sections will parade at Corps Headquarters on Tuesday, 5th June, 1928, at 5.30 p.m.

10. Corps Band.

All ranks will parade as strong as possible at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 5th June, 1928.

11. Strength.

The following recruits are taken on the strength and posted as under:

No. 1324 Gr. E. Moses, The Battery, as from 22. 5. 28.

No. 1325 Pte. A. F. E. Silva, Portuguese Co. from 23. 5. 28.

No. 1328 Gr. A. S. Bliss, The Battery, from 30. 5. 28.

No. 1327 Pte. H. R. Pinna, Portuguese Co. from 30. 5. 28.

12. Appointment.

The following extract from the Hongkong Government Gazette No. 23 dated 25. 5. 28, is published for information:

"His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased to appoint Lance-Sergeant Robert Keith Valentine to be Second Lieutenant in the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps, with effect from 23rd May, 1928."

13. Command.

Captain F. J. R. Mitchell takes over command of the Infantry Company, as from 15th May, 1928.

Lieut. J. Norrie-Owen takes over command of No. 2 Platoon, as from 18th May, 1928.

2/Lieut. R. K. Valentine takes over command of the Armoured Car Section, as from 21st May, 1928.

14. Transfer.

No. 643 Pte. A. W. Summers is transferred from the Mounted Infantry Company to Motor Cycle Section, Armoured Car Company, as from 22. 5. 28.

15. Leave.

The following are granted leave of absence from the Corps:

Major S. J. Jordain, M.C., from 25. 5. 28. to 14. 6. 28.

No. 1171 Pte. W. D. Russell, M.I. Co., from 23. 5. 28. to 22. 8. 28.

No. 1258 Signaller W. C. Simpson, Signals, from 23. 6. 28. to 22. 6. 29.

No. 1201 Gr. H. F. Sullivan, The Battery, from 25. 5. 28. until returning to the Colony.

16. Struct. Off. the Strength.

Having left the Colony:

No. 1263 Corporal F. Cowherd, A. C. Co., as from 1. 6. 28.

No. 1289 Pte. W. Lawrence, No. 10 Platoon, as from 1. 6. 28.

Having completed three years' service and claimed his discharge, as from 14. 5. 28.

No. 367 Spr. G. S. Kennedy-Skilton, Engineer Co. (Field Sec.).

Having failed to complete the requirements of Efficiency, as from 7. 5. 28.

No. 953 Pte. J. F. Peralta, No. 9 Platoon.

R. A. Wolfe Murray, Major, ADJUTANT, H. K. V. D. Corps.

Notices.

1. No. 2 Platoon Rifle Club will hold their next meeting at the Peak Range on Sunday, 3rd June at 8.30 a.m.

It is hoped that all members will be able to attend.

2. Portuguese Company.

The Company will compete in the Soldiers' Club Billiard Tournament,

Bathing Picnic.

A launch will leave Blake Pier at 6.15 p.m. sharp on Thursday, 7th June, for a Bathing Picnic. Those willing to join are requested to send 75 cts. to 1/Cpl. C.F.V. Ribeiro, c/o Hongkong Realty and Trust Co., Ltd., Exchange Buildings.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

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Goods not cleared by the 4th June, 1928, will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined on the 2nd June, 1928, at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, Hongkong.

Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognised.

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Hongkong, 26th May, 1928.

INTERPORT CRICKET.

HONGKONG PLAYS THE UNITED SERVICES.

The Hongkong Interport cricket team yesterday started a two days match against the United Services at Happy Valley.

Hongkong batted first and compiled a total of 205 before the last man was dismissed. Sayer was in great batting form and was unfortunate in not getting a century. When the rings came to an end he had scored 97 and was still undefeated. The last wicket put on 70 runs.

Hancock contributed 27 towards the total, Musson 23 and Owen Hughes 19.

Rain interferes with Play.

Shanghai, May 31.

Hongkong won the toss against United Services and went in to bat, and were all out for 205 runs.

Sayer scored 97 runs not out, Hancock 27 and Musson 23, Melrose securing five wickets for 97 runs.

The United Services obtained 65 runs for two wickets. The morning's play was shortened by rain, but despite bad weather the game continued in the afternoon.—Reuters.

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Hakusan Maru Saturday, 2nd June.
Kitano Maru Saturday, 16th June.

Haruna Maru Saturday, 30th June.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

Tango Maru Wednesday, 20th June.
Aki Maru Wednesday, 25th July.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

Sado Maru Monday, 11th June.

SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles Mexico & Panama

SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore,

Capetown & Ports.

Wakasa Maru Saturday, 9th June.

NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.

Kuma Maru Monday, 11th June.

Anaka Maru Saturday, 16th June.

LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.

Dakar Maru Monday, 11th June.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

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NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

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Kwaisang Sun. 10th June at noon.
Hangsang Wed. 13th June at noon.

Namsang Sun. 3rd June at 7 a.m.

TO OSAKA via SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE. Kumsang Satur. 9th June at 7 a.m.
Suisang Fri. 15th June at 7 a.m.
Yuensang Thurs. 21st June at 7 a.m.
Fookhang Sun. 1st July at 7 a.m.

Mon. 4th June at 5 p.m.

TO CANTON. Kwaisang Fri. 8th June at 3 p.m.

TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA. Kutsang Satur. 9th June at noon.

TO SANDAKAN. Mausang Satur. 9th June at noon.

TO TIENHSIN. Chipshing Tues. 5th June at 3 p.m.

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S.S. "CITY OF OSAKA" via Suez Canal 13th July.
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S.S. "CITY OF EVANSVILLE" via Suez Canal 10th Aug.
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Motor Vessel "GLENNOG" (Via Oran) 7th Sept.

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOCK.

Steamship "GLENIFFER" 7th June.

Steamship "GLENSHANE" 29th June.

Steamship "CARDIGANSHIRE" 9th July.

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Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY" 10th Aug.

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PIRACY PREVENTION.

CHINESE SEAMEN APPROACH THE OWNERS.

Mr. Shew Chung-man, the Chairman of the Chinese Seamen's Association Union, sends the following letter for publication, which he says, has been forwarded to the various steamship companies in the Colony:

"On account of the frequent occurrence of pirates to steamers, it is understood that letters have been sent by the Government to various organisations for devices to prevent their reoccurrence and to arrest the pirates in order that they may be practically suppressed. This matter has also been put before a meeting of the General Chamber of Commerce, and we think full regulation has been made out for this purpose."

Mr. F. H. Loseby appeared for the defendant.

At the outset, Mr. Loseby said to his Worship (Lt. Col. F. Eaves) that he was prepared to admit possession of the wine but added that the green labels, which indicated that the duty had been paid, were on the jars.

Mr. Lloyd in a lengthy address to his Worship explained the present Union is to co-operate labour and capital. It is a great danger to both the proprietor and the crew in case a piracy occurs, and on no occasion should the latter fold up their hands and do nothing. But as we understand that the Prevention of Piracy Ordinance does not provide any compensation to our seamen, we beg to enquire if there is such a provision in your Company's regulations.

In the interests of both parties we beg to submit that the number of seamen on board a vessel is by no means not great and that if they unite themselves and work valiantly it is not unlikely that piracy can be put easily, should it ever occur again, and safely restored.

As piracy is as serious a thing to your Company as it is to others, we venture to enquire if you will kindly let us know for information of our seamen, to what extent would they who are under your employment be provided with medical treatment when they are wounded in arresting the pirates, and what compensation would be given them as an encouragement when they are disabled or die of their wounds. If such arrangements were made, good results would no doubt be secured to both labour and capital."

SINGAPORE DOCK.

SPECIAL INSURANCE ARRANGEMENTS.

London, May 31. Insurance arrangements have just been made to cover the voyage of the new floating dock from the Tyne to Singapore. It is proposed that the dock should leave the Tyne in June. It will be taken out by two "Tows" consisting of four sections in one and three sections in the other.

It is understood that the first four sections are valued for insurance at £150,000 and the other three at £350,000. The whole dock is insured against all risks at a premium of six per cent but re-insurance against risk of total loss have only recently been placed by the underwriters on a risk at three, four, and even five per cent.—Reuter.

BOMB OUTRAGE.

ELECTION INCIDENT IN MEXICO.

Mexico City, May 31. A bomb exploded last night at the presidential election campaign headquarters. Little damage was done and there were no casualties. The explosion occurred in a room which happened to be empty, although the building was crowded elsewhere.—Reuter's American Service.

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CONSTRUCTION****THE FINAL EXPRESSION
OF COMFORT AND
SERVICE****FENGTIEN CAUSE
LOST?**

(Continued from Page 1.)

NEARING THE CAPITAL.

Feng Yu-hsiang's Troops
Break Through Lines.

Shanghai, May 31.

Although the Southerners may leave Tientsin on their right and march on to Peking, the position in the Treaty Port naturally gives cause for anxiety. As a precautionary measure a defence line has been formed by foreign forces on a perimeter of approximately ten miles, mostly protected by marshy ground, and held by a series of posts. The British line is 6,000 yards long, the American 5,500, the Italian 2,000, the French 1,500.

The forces consist of 5,000 Japanese with 12 field guns and 16 aeroplanes, 3,700 Americans with field guns and 12 aeroplanes, 1,500 British with two aeroplanes, the Italians with 380 marines and 2,000 French with 14 field guns.

The foreign defences of Tientsin are based mainly on five and a quarter miles of dykes constructed in 1917 for the protection of the concessions from floods.—Reuter.

Railway Facilities

Shanghai, May 31.

It is understood that the Chinese troops will be permitted the free use of the Tientsin Central railway station, which is the junction of the Peking-Mukden and the Tientsin-Pukow railways.

The Japanese general, General Arai, is the senior commander of the foreign forces.

Attempts to co-ordinate the precautionary arrangements have been weakened owing to the decision of the American Concessions, which does not possess a concession, to pursue an independent line of action. It is understood that the American commander, General Smedley Butler, has been instructed that he has freedom of action, but that as most American nations have withdrawn from threatened points, clashes with the Chinese must be avoided, and action based on American Treaty rights.—Reuter.

A former message stated that Nationalist agents, who have been investigating Japanese preparations at Tientsin, state that 5,000 Japanese troops and a number of Japanese aeroplanes are in Tientsin ready for emergency.

It is believed that in the event of a Nationalist attack on Tientsin, the Japanese troops intend to prevent the entry of Chinese troops even into the Chinese city.

Peking, May 31.

Many Japanese civilians are entering the legation quarter to-night.—Reuter.

Tsingtao Evacuation.

Tsingtao, May 31.

General Yamamoto on the 25th handed the Chinese general an ultimatum to evacuate Taingtao to-morrow. Everything indicates their compliance.—Reuter.

To Withdraw From Peking.

Tokyo, May 31.

According to information reaching Japanese headquarters, Chang Tao-lin has decided to withdraw from Peking. There is a report that a portion of the Fengtien troops are already proceeding to Mukden. Consequently, the Japanese military authorities expect the Southerners to occupy Peking very shortly.—Reuter.

Tired of Fighting.

Peking, May 31.

The Fengtien authorities state that the fighting during the past ten days has not been severe. The Northerners have not suffered a defeat. Their casualties number over 2,500. The withdrawal is due to the eighth corps, which refused to fight longer and retired North owing to propagandists falsely informing them that Chang Tao-lin, his families and all their concerns have proceeded to Manchuria. The withdrawal of the eighth corps has necessitated the others falling back to straighten the front.—Reuter.

Serious Mutiny.

Shanghai, May 31.

A mutiny in the 8th Corps has enabled Feng Yu-hsiang to pierce the northern centre at Hukien. It is reliably reported that Feng's forces are within 18 miles of Tientsin and are advancing slightly to the west of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway, their probable objective being the interruption of Tientsin-Peking communications.—Reuter.

Northerners Fall Back.

Tokyo, May 31.

A message from Tientsin states that although the Fengtien army, after withdrawing from Pao-tung, were expected to make a stand at Kaopeitien and Liuluo, the majority have fallen back as far as Changhsien, although a head-

**RAILWAY BUFFER
ACCIDENTS.****DEBATE AT THE LABOUR
CONFERENCE.****BRITISH MEASURES.**

Geneva, May 31.

The subject of the prevention of industrial accidents was debated at the International Labour Conference to-day.

The Indian representative referred to the high accident rate in connexion with the coupling and uncoupling of railway vehicles. He mentioned that the Indian Government had consequently decided to adopt the automatic centre-buffer coupler.

Mr. Kasima (Japan) said that no fatality was caused in Japan during coupling work last year. He favoured the adoption of the automatic coupler.

Mr. Bevin, the British workers' delegate, referred with pride to the advanced measures adopted for the prevention of accidents in Great Britain. He urged the preparation of a Convention of the subject.

Mr. Gregorson, the British employers' delegate, agreed with Sir Malcolm Delvingne that better results would probably be gained by the adoption of a resolution advocating protective measures than by an International Convention.—Reuter.

**NEW FLAG RIOTS IN
CAPETOWN.**

(Continued from Page 1.)

As long as it was possible successfully to maintain peace, the unity of the country and the people, the externals of its institutions mattered very little.

London Ceremony.

London, May 31.

An unusual ceremony took place in Trafalgar Square this morning with the simultaneous unfurling over South Africa House by Prince Arthur of Connaught of the Union Jack and the new national flag of South Africa, the occasion being South Africa's union day, and synchronising with similar ceremony in Cape Town.

The High Commissioner, Mr. J. S. Smit, read the address of the Prince, to which Prince Arthur responded, both stressing the significance of the historical event.

Besides a great crowd there was a distinguished gathering of South African and British officials and diplomats. The band played God save the King.—Reuter.

quarters has been established at Liuluo.

All communications south of Kaopeitien, also the railway to Peking and Tientsin have been suspended.—Reuter.

Northerners Lose Spirit.

Tokyo, May 31.

A message from Tientsin says that as a result of reports that Paotungfu had fallen the Fengtien forces on the Peking-Hankow front are retreating. The Northerners along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway are disorganized and have lost their fighting spirit. Many are deserting.—Reuter.

PREPARING TO LEAVE.

Special Trains Waiting for
Chang Tao-lin.

Shanghai, May 31.

The Ku Min News Agency states that Chang Tao-lin is handing over the control of the Peking Government to Tuan Chi-jui "as a face-saving gesture."

It adds that Chang Tao-lin, as soon as he departs, will issue a statement announcing his withdrawal to Manchuria and his retirement from politics.

He is leaving on special trains which are standing by in readiness to convey him and his entourage to Mukden.

The Ku Min News Agency also reports that according to a message from Peking, the Shanxi plain-clothes corps has been reported only seven miles from the capital.—Reuter.

Another Stand.

Peking, May 31.

As a result of a conference of the Northern military authorities it has been decided not to evacuate Peking at present but to defend the line from Liuluo to Machang.

Chang Tao-lin is seeing the Diplomatic Corps to-morrow in order to assure them that he will continue to be responsible for the protection of foreign lives and property in Peking.—Reuter.

**STREET ORATOR
SENTENCED.**

(Continued from Page 1.)

Witness mentioned that a man and a school girl had been arrested for distributing these pamphlets.

In reply to a further question witness said that after the defendant was arrested there was no trouble from the crowd. They dispersed without disturbance.

His Worship (to Sergeant Mottram)—It might be as well to get in evidence if there are any Japanese shops in the vicinity.

When the question was put to him, witness replied that there was no Japanese shop in the neighbourhood.

Sergeant Mottram informed his Worship that there was a Japanese family residing in President Apartments, which is at the junction of Nathan and Waterloo Roads.

The defendant, in cross-examining the detective, said that he did not mention that Marshals Chiang and Li were "running dogs" and that they had sold their country.

Witness was emphatic in his reply that such reference was made by the defendant.

Defendant:—There were not as many as a hundred or over. The people were only standing on the pavement.

Witness:—They were standing on the pavement and the road. There were about 120 or 130 present.

Corroborative evidence was given by a second detective. In question, the witness again denied that he made any reference to the Chinese officials, witness replying that he did.

Talking the Air.

His Worship:—If he had used those words, don't you think that the crowd would have got a little more excited?

Witness:—They were reading pamphlets at the time.

His Worship:—The crowd was mostly reading them?

Witness:—Yes.

Defendant:—There is usually a large crowd there taking the air.

Witness:—The crowd would not be so big.

After the third defendant had given evidence, the defendant made a statement. He said:

"I never said anything which would be a breach of the peace of this Colony. I never mentioned anything about Marshal Chiang and Marshal Li being bad. The opinion of the Chinese is all the same, that Marshal Li is a good man. If I had said anything against him the Chinese would have all beaten me on the spot. I was simply saying what had already appeared in the vernacular papers and telegrams."

Thought It His Duty.

His Worship:—Why should you take it upon yourself to do this?

Defendant:—I thought it was my duty and also the duty of many Chinese, as the Japanese have killed so many of our Chinese.

His Worship:—Do you wish to call any witnesses? Anyone who was listening to you then?

Defendant:—I have no witnesses. I do not know those people.

His Worship remarked that he was not quite inclined to say that the utterances about Japan might have caused a breach of the peace, as there were no Japanese shops in the vicinity unless Japanese were passing at the time.

Inspector Fallon said the M.B.K. cordon was in Yaumati. Two days previous to this incident, the police were called to that neighbourhood to disperse a meeting. It was not till the police had drawn their revolvers that the crowd had eventually left the place.

Referring to the passage about Marshals Chiang and Li, his Worship said that these were apparently uttered towards the end of his address just as the detective came on the scene and the crowd had had no time to show any excitement.

Sergeant Mottram said that people like the defendant made "lightning speeches." They addressed a crowd in one place for a short time and then immediately proceeded to different neighbourhoods, where another crowd was collected.

China in Tibet.

The defendant was convicted on the first charge.

Addressing the accused, his Worship said:—"Defendant, these proceedings of yours might have caused serious consequences and a breach of the peace if some Japanese had passed while you were talking. There might very easily have been a very violent assault upon them. I think the least people like you talk about Imperialism the better. You may not know what China has been doing in Tibet for the last ten years, but if you don't, I advise you to find out."

The defendant was sentenced to two months' hard labour and further ordered to sign a bond of \$100 for his good behaviour for one year.

Laura in the Ranks!

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